

Petronet LNG Limited

GIDC Industrial Estate, Plot No. 7/A, Dahej, Taluka: Vagra, Dist. Bharuch (Gujarat) - 392 130 (India) Tel.: 02641 - 670200 / 257

> www.petroneting.com CIN: L74899DL 199PLCO93073

REF: PLL/DHJ/HSE/MoEF/2025/07

Date: 8th Nov 2025

To,
The Director,
Ministry of Env., Forest and Climate Change
Indira Paryavaran Bhawan,
Jorbagh Road,
New Delhi – 110 003

Sub:

Six Monthly Compliance Report for the period April 2025 to Sept 2025 with respect to conditions stipulated by Ministry of Environment & Forests, Govt. of India and Department of Forests, Govt. of Gujarat for Setting up of Standby LNG jetty at Dahej, District Bharuch in Gulf of Khambhat, Gujarat by M/s Petronet LNG Ltd.

Ref

(a) J-17011/11/2000-IA-III dated 14th Nov, 2008

(b) ENV-10-2004-117-E dated 05th Sep, 2008

Dear Sir,

The six-monthly compliance report for the period April 2025 to Sept 2025 with respect to conditions stipulated by Ministry of Environment & Forests, Govt. of India and Department of Forests, Govt. of Gujarat for Setting up of Standby LNG jetty at Dahej, District Bharuch in Gulf of Khambhat, Gujarat by M/s Petronet LNG Ltd. is uploaded in "PARIVESH 2 portal.

This is for your information and reference.

Thanking you, Yours faithfully,

Sanjay Kumar GGM & President (Plant Head) For Petronet LNG Limited 11 Flead

Petronet LNG Limited

Copy to:-

Dahej-392130

1) Director (Environment)
Forests & Environment Department,
Government of Gujarat,
Block No. 14, 8th Floor, Sachivalaya,
Gandhinagar – 382 010

3) Unit Head - Bharuch Division Gujarat Pollution Control Board Paryavaran Bhavan, Sector-10 A GANDHINAGAR – 382 010 (Gujarat) 2) MoEF & CC Regional Office Karmayogi Bhawan Block -3, F-2 Wing, Near CH-3 Circle Sector -10A, Gandhinagar-382010

4) Regional Officer Gujarat Pollution Control Board C-1\119\3, GIDC, Phase – 2, Narmadanagar Bharuch – 392015 (Gujarat)

Tel.: 0484-2502268

11/10/25, 11:07 AM Home Page

| Your (Half Yearly Compliance Re | eport) has been Submitted with following details |
|---|--|
| Proposal No | J-17011/11/2000-IA/III |
| Compliance ID | 125754263 |
| Compliance Number(For Tracking) | EC/M/COMPLIANCE/125754263/2025 |
| Reporting Year | 2025 |
| Reporting Period | 01 Dec(01 Apr - 30 Sep) |
| Submission Date | 10-11-2025 |
| RO/SRO Name | Dr G Trinadh Kumar |
| RO/SRO Email | agmu174.ifs@nic.in |
| State | GUJARAT |
| RO/SRO Office Address | Integrated Regional Offices, Gandhi Nagar |
| Note:- SMS and E-Mail has been sent to Dr G Trinadh Kum | nar, GUJARAT with Notification to Project Proponent. |

Half Yearly Compliance Report 2025 01 Dec(01 Apr - 30 Sep)

Acknowledgement

| Proposal Name | Setting up of Second LNG Jetty at Dahej in Gulf of Khambhat by M/s Petronet LNG Limited |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Name of Entity / Corporate Office | Petronet LNG Limited, Dahej |
| Village(s) | N/A |
| District | BHARUCH |

| Proposal No. | J-17011/11/2000-IA/III |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Plot / Survey / Khasra No. | N/A |
| State | GUJARAT |
| MoEF File No. | J-17011/11/2000-IA-III |

| Category | INFRA-1 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Sub-District | N/A |
| Entity's PAN | *****8148D |
| Entity name as per PAN | PETRONET LNG LIMITED |

Compliance Reporting Details

Reporting Year 2025

SIX MONTHLY

COMPLIANCE REPORT (FOR THE PERIOD APRIL 25 TO SEPT 25) TO THE CONDITION MENTIONED IN MOSE

Remarks (if any) MENTIONED IN MOEF

LETTER NO. J-17011/11/2000-IA-III, DATED 14th NOVEMBER, 2008 (STAND BY JETTY)

Reporting Period 01 Dec(01 Apr - 30 Sep)

Details of Production and Project Area

Name of Entity / Corporate Office

Petronet LNG Limited, Dahej

| | Project Area as per EC Granted | Actual Project Area in Possession |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Private | 0 | 0 |
| Revenue Land | 0 | 0 |
| Forest | 0 | 0 |
| Others | 84.57 | 84.57 |
| Total | 84.57 | 84.57 |

Production Capacity

| Sr. no | Product Name | units | Valid Upto | Capacity | Production last year | Capacity as per CTO |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------|
| 1 | RLNG | Million Tons per Annum (MTPA) | N/A | 20 MMTPA | 16.06 MMTPA | |
| Condit | ions | | | | | |
| ecific (| Conditions | | | | | |
| Sr.No. | Condition T | ype | Condition D | etails | | |
| 1 | MISCELLAN | NEOUS | | | ne offshore structure of the high current is | |
| All safe | Submission: Compety measures taken ional since April 20 | during Design Stag | ge. Construction a | ctivities completed | and Jetty is | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 2 | MISCELLAN | NEOUS | The shorelin | e changes in the are | ea shall be monitored | d periodically. |
| | Submission: Compacally monitoring is | | | | | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 3 | MISCELLAN | NEOUS | The recomm design. | endation of the Sco | our study shall be inc | orporated in th |
| | Submission: Comporated in Design. C | olied Construction activitie | es completed and | Jetty is Operationa | l since April 2014. | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 4 | MISCELLAN | NEOUS | Any change in | | k assessment shall b roject shall come be approval. | |
| Recom | Submission: Comp mendations of risk in the design of th | study are implement | nted. Construction | n works completed | without any | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 5 | MISCELLAN | NEOUS | GEER/GEC of | Forest Departmen | in consultations wit t, a detailed plan sha f receipt of this lette | ll be submitted |
| Mangro Total N 2013-1 | Mangrove Plantatio 4,2014-15, 2016-1 | | 0 Hectares (2009-4-25). (2025-26, 2 | 10, 2010-11, 2011 | | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 6 | MISCELLAN | NEOUS | the proposed j | | onstruction and post fishermen vessels of th. | |
| | Submission: Compovement fishermen | olied vessels of the local | communities are | not interfered due | to proposed jetty. | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| | | | | | | |

| | | including health care, education, sanitation and livelihe | |
|---|--|---|--|
| | Submission: Complied ruction activities completed and Jetty is | Operational since April 2014. | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 8 | Marine/Coastal | Marine ecology monitoring shall be done regularly d construction of Breakwater and dredging operation . | luring |
| Marin GPCB | | iodically. Last study was conducted in June,2025 by nment and Research Labs Pvt. Ltd. Please Refer port | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 9 | AIR QUALITY MONITORING AND PRESERVATION | Regular monitoring of air quality shall be done in the areas around the project site and appropriate safeguard be taken to ensure that the population is not subjected of air pollution | measures shal |
| Const | ng done through the GPCB approved ag | Operational since April 2014. Air quality monitoring gency and its report is attached as Annexure-II to this | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 10 | WASTE MANAGEMENT | Sewage arising in the port area shall be disposed off treatment to conform to the standards stipulated by Gu Pollution Control Board and shall be utilized/re-cycled plantation and irrigation | jarat State |
| Sewag | Submission: Complied ge water treated in STP plant and treated norms. | d water monitored regularly. Parameters are under | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 11 | MISCELLANEOUS | Adequate plantation shall be carried out along the roppremises and a green belt shall be developed. | ads of the Port |
| | | | |
| Planta Green | abelt area approximately 1,66,000 sq. me | e Port premises and green belt are developed. The total eters has been allocated in and around periphery wall. er developed and maintained till date is 30000 Sq.m. | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| Planta Green In add | ation is carried out along the roads of the abelt area approximately 1,66,000 sq. mo | eters has been allocated in and around periphery wall. | 07/11/2025 |
| Planta Green In add 12 PPs | ation is carried out along the roads of the abelt area approximately 1,66,000 sq. modition to this, the total lawns, green cover | eters has been allocated in and around periphery wall. er developed and maintained till date is 30000 Sq.m. There shall be no withdrawal of ground water in CR2 | 07/11/2025 |
| Planta Green In add 12 PPs No gre | ation is carried out along the roads of the abelt area approximately 1,66,000 sq. modition to this, the total lawns, green cover MISCELLANEOUS Submission: Complied | eters has been allocated in and around periphery wall. er developed and maintained till date is 30000 Sq.m. There shall be no withdrawal of ground water in CR2 | O7/11/2025 Z area, for this Date: 07/11/2025 be made in the optimally |
| Planta Green In add 12 PPs No green 13 PPs The L Moreo be fea | Association is carried out along the roads of the abelt area approximately 1,66,000 sq. modition to this, the total lawns, green cover MISCELLANEOUS Submission: Complied ound water was used during project MISCELLANEOUS Submission: Complied on the cover of the co | eters has been allocated in and around periphery wall. er developed and maintained till date is 30000 Sq.m. There shall be no withdrawal of ground water in CR2 project. Specific arrangements for rainwater harvesting shall project design and the rain water so harvested shall be utilized. Details in this regard shall be furnished to this | O7/11/2025 Z area, for this Date: 07/11/2025 be made in the optimally |

| | Submission: Complied and complied. | | Date: 07/11/2025 |
|-------|------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| 15 | MISCELLANEOUS | No product other than those permissil Zone Notification, 1991 shall be stored Zone area. | |
| DD. (| Submission: Complied | | Date: 07/11/2025 |

| Sr.No. | Condition Type | Condition Details | |
|------------|---|--|--|
| 1 | Statutory compliance | Construction of the proposed structures, if any in the Regulation Zone area shall be undertaken meticulously the existing Central/local rules and regulations includi Regulation Zone Notification 1991 & its amendments construction designs / drawings relating to the propose activities must have approvals of the concerned State Openartments / Agencies. | y conforming to ng Coastal All the ed construction |
| All requir | bmission: Complied red approvals are taken. The const d and jetty is operational since Ap | ruction and commissioning of the facilities at Dahej ril 2014. | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 2 | MISCELLANEOUS | Adequate provisions for infrastructure facilities such supply, fuel, sanitation etc. shall be ensured for construction the construction phase of the project so as to average trees/mangroves and pollution of water and the surrous | uction workers oid falling of |
| | | facilities at Dahej completed and jetty is operational | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 3 | WASTE MANAGEMENT | The project authorities must make necessary arrange disposal of solid wastes and for the treatment of efflue providing a proper wastewater treatment plant outside The quality of treated effluents, solid wastes and noise conform to the standards laid down by the competent a including the Central/State Pollution Control Board and Ministry of Environment and Forests under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, whichever are more stringent | nts by the CRZ area. level etc. must authorities and the Union |
| | | · | Datas |

| | (Protection) Act, 1986, whichever are more stringent | | |
|----------|--|------------------|--|
| No efflu | abmission: Complied ent treatment plant in CRZ area. Noise level and Ground water monitoring is being done and t is attached as Annexure-II to this report | Date: 07/11/2025 | |
| | The proponent shall obtain the requisite consents for | discharge of | |

| 4 Statutory comp | oliance The proponent shall obtain the requisite consents for discharge of effluents and emissions under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and the Air (prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 from the Gujarat Pollution Control Board before |
|------------------|---|
|------------------|---|

| Necess PLL/D | | ting terminal. Copy was submitted vide our letter no. lid CCA is taken from GPCB before commissioning | Date: 07/11/2025 |
|---|--|--|--|
| 5 | MISCELLANEOUS | The sand dunes, corals and mangroves, if any, on the disturbed in any way. | ne site shall no |
| Not dis | Submission: Complied sturbed by any such things. The consected and jetty is operational since Ap | struction and commissioning of the facilities at Dahej oril 2014. | Date: 07/11/202: |
| 6 | MISCELLANEOUS | A copy of the clearance letter will be marked to the Panchayat / local NGO, if any, from whom any suggestion/representation has been received while pr proposal. | |
| PPs S | Submission: Complied ied | | Date: 07/11/202 |
| 7 | MISCELLANEOUS | The funds earmarked for environment protection maintained, in a separate account and there shall be rethese funds for any other purpose. A year-wise experenvironmental safeguards shall be reported to this M Regional Office at Bhopal and the State Pollution Co. | no diversion of aditure on inistry's |
| spent for spent | or development of Green Belt and Mor development of Green Belt and More development of Green Belt and More development of Green Belt at Lac spent for development of Green 20 Lac spent for development of Green 81.68 Lacs spent for development of 5. Rs 42.20 Lacs spent for development of 6. Rs. 77.96 Lacs spent for development of 6. Rs. 71.08 Lacs spent for development of 6. The Fy2018-19. Rs. 51.10 Lacs spent for development of 6. Rs. 76.26 Lacs spent for development of 6. Rs. 76.26 Lacs spent for development of 6. Rs. 74.65 Lacs spent for 6. Rs. | Laction measures is maintained separately Rs. 33.22 Lac langrove Plantation during the FY 2009-10. Rs. 50 Lac langrove Plantation during the FY 2010-11. Rs 93.31 and Mangrove plantation during the FY 2011-2012 Rs. in Belt and Mangrove Plantation during the FY 2012-13. Been Belt and Mangrove Plantation during the FY 2013-15 forcen Belt and Mangrove plantation during the FY 2013-15 forcen Belt and Mangrove plantation during the FY ment of Green Belt and Mangrove Plantation during the lopment of Green Belt and Mangrove Plantation during the lopment of Green Belt and Mangrove Plantation during evelopment of Green Belt and Mangrove Plantation in the for development and maintenance of Green Belt during the opment and maintenance of Green Belt during the sevelopment and maintenance of Green Belt during the FY ment and maintenance of Green Belt during the FY2022-2023 Rs. 634.84 Lacs spent for development year FY2023-24. Rs. 7.76 Lacs for STP operational cost development and maintenance of Green Belt for the property of the force of Green Belt for the development and maintenance of Green Belt for the property of Green Belt for the green property of Green Belt during the Gre | Date: 07/11/202: |
| spent f | or development and maintenance of | s for STP operational cost in FY 2024-25. Rs. 43.46 Lacs Green Belt for the for period of April 25 to September a for period April 25 to September 25. | |
| spent f | or development and maintenance of | Green Belt for the for period of April 25 to September | ntral and Sate uring their details and pect of mitigate |

| | | Visit Remarks | |
|----|---|--|---|
| | Submission: Complied h case Project is completed. Jetty | is under operation since April-2014. | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 14 | MISCELLANEOUS | Any appeal against this environmental clear National Environment Appellate Authority, if period of 30 days as prescribed under Section Environment Appellate Act, 1997 | preferred, within a |
| | Submission: Complied is completed. Jetty is under opera | tion since April-2014. | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 13 | MISCELLANEOUS | The project proponents should inform the re the ministry the date of financial closure and to project by the concerned authorities and the d development work | final approval of the |
| | Submission: Complied is completed. Jetty is under operated. | tion since April-2014. | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 12 | MISCELLANEOUS | The project proponent shall advertise at leas newspapers widely circulated in the region are which shall be in the vernacular language of the informing that the project has been accorded and copies of clearance letters are available we Control Board and may also be seen at Websi Environment & Forests at littp://www.envformadvertisement shall be made within 7 days from the clearance letter and a copy of the same shall Regional Office of this Ministry at Bhopal. | ound the project, one of the locality concerned environmental clearance with the State Pollution te of the Ministry of nic.in. The oun the date of issue of |
| | Submission: Complied and complied. | | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 11 | MISCELLANEOUS | The ministry or any other competent authors other additional conditions subsequently if de environmental protection which shall be comp | emed necessary for |
| | Submission: Complied h case till date. | | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 10 | MISCELLANEOUS | The ministry reserves the right to revoke thi condition stipulated or not complied with to the ministry. | |
| | Submission: Complied iation or alternation during the pro- | oject. | Date: 07/11/2025 |
| 9 | MISCELLANEOUS | implementing agency, a fresh reference shall for modification in the clearance conditions of ones for ensuring environmental protection. | |

| Last Sita Visit Danart Data | N/A |
|---|--|
| Last Site Visit Report Date: | |
| Additional Remarks: | SIX MONTHLY COMPLIANCE REPORT TO THE CONDITION MENTIONED IN MOEF LETTER NO. J-17011/11/2000-IA-III, DATED 14th NOVEMBER, 2008 (STAND BY JETTY) |
| considered as conclusion on any action on the complianc | ted by project proponent. In no way is this document to be e of the project. This is strictly for the project proponent's |
| reference | e purpose. |
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ANNEXURE-I

Compliance to conditions as conveyed by Department of Forests & Environment, Govt. of Gujarat, Letter No. ENV-10-2004-117-E, dated: September 5, 2008 as on 30.09.2025

Point-wise compliance statement for the subject environmental clearance is as below:

| SR. NO. | CONDITIONS | <u>STATUS</u> |
|---------|---|---|
| 1 | The provisions of CRZ notification of 1991 and subsequent amendments issued from time to time. | Noted and complied. |
| 2 | All necessary permissions from different Government Departments / Agencies shall be obtained by PLL before commencing the expansion activities. | Complied. All the required statutory approval were obtained before commissioning. |
| 3 | No effluent or sewage shall be discharged into the sea / creek or in the CRZ area and shall be treated to confirm the norms prescribed by the Gujarat Pollution Control Board and would be reused / recycled within the plant premises. | Complied Domestic wastewater is treated through STP and no process effluent generated. Treated water from STP is reused for gardening and horticulture purpose. |
| 4 | All the recommendations and suggestion given by the NIOT and WAPCOS in their Environment Impact Assessment reports shall be implemented strictly. | Complied. All the recommendation are complied. |
| 5 | The cost of the external agency that may be appointed by this department for supervision / monitoring of the project activities during construction / operational phases shall be paid by PLL. | Complied. PLL agree to born cost of external agency appointed by this department. |
| 6 | The PLL shall have to contribute financially for any common study or project that may be proposed by this Department for environmental management / conservation / improvement for the Gulf of Khambhat or for Dahej region. | Complied. PLL agree to contribute financially for any common study proposed by this department. |
| 7 | The construction debris and any other type of waste shall not be discharged into the sea / creak or in CRZ areas. The debris shall be removed from the construction site immediately after construction is over. | Complied. |

| 8 | The construction camps shall be located outside the CRZ area and the construction labor shall be provided with necessary amenities, including sanitation, water supply and fuel and it shall be ensured that the environmental conditions are not deteriorated by construction labor. | |
|----|---|---|
| 9 | The PLL shall prepare and regularly update its local oil Spill Contingency plan and Disaster Management Plan in | Complied. |
| | consonance with National Oil Spill and Disaster Contingency Plan | Oil spill contingency and Disaster management plan updated periodically. |
| | | ERDMP plan is updated and approved from M/s Bosai Safety dated 16.10.2025. Please Refer Annexure – IV for valid ERDMP certificate. |
| 10 | The Gujarat Maritime Board shall initiate for the Vessel Traffic Management System for the Gulf of Khambhat and would work out the modus operandi for cost sharing by different players in the Gulf including PLL. The PLL shall contribute for the same as may be decided by Gujarat Maritime Board. | Agreed and Complied. Gujarat Maritime Board has established VTS System and PLL is complying with all norms as per Gujarat Maritime Board. |
| | General Conditions: | |
| 11 | The ground water shall not be tapped to meet with the water requirements in any case | Complied. Ground Water was not used in construction. |
| 12 | The PLL shall take up massive mangrove plantation activities in 100 ha. of area on Gujarat Coast line as well as greenbelt development activities in consultation with the Gujarat Institute of Desert Ecology / Forest department. | Complied. Following Mangrove Plantation Completed along the Gujarat Coast in consultation with GEC & Forest Dept.: |
| | | Completed: 2250 Hectares (2009-10, 2010-11, 2011-12, 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2016-17, 2023-24 & 2024-25). (2025-26, 200 ha. Plantation under progress). |
| 13 | The PLL shall have to contribute financially for taking up the socio-economic upliftment activities in this region in consultation with the Forest and Environment Department and the District Collector / District Development Officer. | Agreed and complied. Compliance report is attached as Annexure III |

| 14 | Environmental Audit report indicating the changes, if any with respect to the baseline quality, in the coastal and marine environmental shall be submitted every year. | Complied. PLL is ISO 14001(Environment Management System) certified company. Procedures are adopted and followed strictly to protect the environment. Annual external environmental audit for ISO 14001 certification is carried out. |
|----|---|---|
| | | Also, Monthly Environmental monitoring done through GPCB approved agency, and all parameters are under prescribed limit. |
| | | Pls refer Annexure II for Environment monitoring data. |
| | | Six Monthly Marine ecological monitoring is also carried out for monitoring marine ecological condition. Last Marine ecological monitoring was conducted on 7th June ,2025 by authorized vendor M/s Unistar Environment and Research Labs Pvt. Ltd. |
| 15 | A six monthly report on compliance of the conditions mentioned in this letter shall have to be furnished by the PLL on regular basis to this Department. | Complied Half yearly compliance report submitted regularly. |
| 16 | Any other condition that may be stipulated by this Department from time to time for environmental protection / management purpose shall also have to be complied with by the PLL. | Agree and Complied |

ANNEXURE - II - ENVIROMENT DATA

AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STATUS REPORT

| Sr.no. Month Max Min Max Min Max Min Max Min Max Min Max Min HC as Ma 1 MAACh norms 48.00 59.00 17.00 28.00 12.60 19.60 18.00 28.00 13.20 26.70 18.00 28.00 13.40 20.20 17.60 28.70 BDL 40.00 18.00 28.00 13.20 18.60 28.70 BDL 28.70 BDL 28.70 BDL 28.70 BDL 28.70 BDL 28.70 BDL 28.70 13.20 17.60 28.70 BDL 28.80 17.70 28.40 BDL 28.80 17.70 28.50 17.70 28.60 17.70 28.60 17.70 28.60 17.70 28.40 BDL 28.80 17.80 17.2 | | | | | | | | | | | All units a | All units are in µg/m'. |
|---|--------|--------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------------|-------------------------|
| NAAQ norms Min Max Max Min Max Max <th< th=""><th>, C</th><th></th><th>NA</th><th>110</th><th>PM</th><th>2.5</th><th>S</th><th>XC</th><th>N</th><th>Эх</th><th>HC as Me</th><th>HC as Methane CH₄</th></th<> | , C | | NA | 110 | PM | 2.5 | S | XC | N | Эх | HC as Me | HC as Methane CH₄ |
| NAAQ norms 48.00 59.00 17.00 28.00 12.60 19.60 18.20 26.70 BDL Apr-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 28.00 13.40 20.20 17.60 26.70 BDL Jun-25 54.00 60.00 18.00 27.00 13.20 19.60 16.70 24.50 BDL Jun-25 54.00 59.00 18.00 27.00 13.20 19.60 16.70 24.50 BDL Aug-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Sep-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Jan-26 18.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Jan-26 18.00 17.00 | 5 | | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Мах |
| App-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 28.00 12.60 19.60 18.00 26.70 18.00 28.00 17.60 26.70 17.60 26.70 18.00 28.00 13.40 20.20 17.60 26.70 BDL Jun-25 48.00 60.00 18.00 27.00 13.20 19.60 16.70 24.50 BDL Aug-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.70 19.60 16.20 24.60 BDL Sep-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.70 19.60 16.20 24.60 BDL Nov-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.60 BDL Nov-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Jan-26 Assatis Assatis Assatis Assatis Assatis Assatis Assatis Assatis Assatis Assatis <td></td> <td>NAAQ norms</td> <td>100 F</td> <td>_sm/br</td> <td>id 09</td> <td>g/m³</td> <td>irl 08</td> <td>g/m³</td> <td>80 µ</td> <td>g/m³</td> <td>SqV</td> <td>Absent</td> | | NAAQ norms | 100 F | _s m/br | id 09 | g/m³ | irl 08 | g/m³ | 80 µ | g/m³ | SqV | Absent |
| May-25 48.00 59.00 18.00 28.00 13.40 20.20 17.60 26.70 13.20 19.60 17.60 24.50 BDL Jul-25 54.00 60.00 18.00 26.00 17.00 26.00 17.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Aug-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Sep-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Dec-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Feb-26 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 19.50 19.50 | 1 | Apr-25 | 48.00 | 29.00 | 17.00 | 28.00 | 12.60 | 19.60 | 18.20 | 26.70 | TOB | BDL |
| Jun-25 54.00 60.00 18.00 27.00 13.20 19.60 16.70 24.50 BDL Jul-25 49.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Sep-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-26 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Feb-26 59.00 59.00 16.00 59.00 16.20 19.50 17.20 17.20 17.20 17.20 17.20 17.20 <td>2</td> <td>May-25</td> <td>48.00</td> <td>29.00</td> <td>18.00</td> <td>28.00</td> <td>13.40</td> <td>20.20</td> <td>17.60</td> <td>25.70</td> <td>TOB</td> <td>BDL</td> | 2 | May-25 | 48.00 | 29.00 | 18.00 | 28.00 | 13.40 | 20.20 | 17.60 | 25.70 | TOB | BDL |
| Jul-25 49.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Aug-25 48.00 59.00 16.00 24.00 12.70 19.60 16.20 24.60 BDL Sep-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 Asp-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 Asp-25 Asp-26 Asp-26 Asp-20 Asp-20 <td< td=""><td>3</td><td>Jun-25</td><td>54.00</td><td>00.09</td><td>18.00</td><td>27.00</td><td>13.20</td><td>19.60</td><td>16.70</td><td>24.50</td><td>TOB</td><td>BDL</td></td<> | 3 | Jun-25 | 54.00 | 00.09 | 18.00 | 27.00 | 13.20 | 19.60 | 16.70 | 24.50 | TOB | BDL |
| Aug-25 48.00 59.00 16.00 24.00 12.70 19.60 16.20 24.60 BDL Sep-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 As-25 As-60 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 As-60 As-60 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 As-60 As-60 17.00 As-60 17.00 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Nov-25 As-60 As-60 16.28 12.6-20.2 15.60.7 As-60 16.28 17.6-20.2 16.20.7 As-60 16.20.8 As-60 16.20.8 17.6-20.2 17.6-20.7 As-60 16.20.8 17.6-20.2 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 17.6-20.7 | 4 | Jul-25 | 49.00 | 29.00 | 17.00 | 26.00 | 12.60 | 19.50 | 17.20 | 24.30 | TOB | BDL |
| Sep-25 48.00 59.00 17.00 26.00 12.60 19.50 17.20 24.30 BDL Oct-25 Assistance (April-25) Assistance (April-25) | 5 | Aug-25 | 48.00 | 29.00 | 16.00 | 24.00 | 12.70 | 19.60 | 16.20 | 24.60 | TOB | BDL |
| Oct-25 Mov-25 Mov-25 More to Sept 25) More to Sept 26) More to Sept | 9 | Sep-25 | 48.00 | 29.00 | 17.00 | 26.00 | 12.60 | 19.50 | 17.20 | 24.30 | TOB | BDL |
| Nov-25 Mor-25 More to Sept 25) Mor | 7 | Oct-25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dec-25 Jan-26 A8-60 < | 8 | Nov-25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jan-26 Feb-26 A8-60 16-28 12.6-20.2 16.2-26.7 | 6 | Dec-25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Feb-26 Mar-26 A8-60 16-28 12.6-20.2 16.2-26.7 | 10 | Jan-26 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mar-26 Range (April-25 to Sept 25) 48-60 16-28 12.6-20.2 16.2-26.7 | 11 | Feb-26 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 48-60 16.28 12.6-20.2 16.2-26.7 | 12 | Mar-26 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Range (April-25 to Sept 25) | 48 | 09- | 16- | .28 | 12.6- | .20.2 | 16.2 | -26.7 | B | BDL |

STACK EMISSION AIR QUALITY STATUS REPORT

| GTG | SPM SO _{χ} NO _{χ} | 150 mg/NM³ 100 ppm 50 ppm | Not monitored due to non operational GTGs | Not monitored due to non operational GTGs | BDL BDL 18.20 | Not monitored due to non operational GTGs | Not monitored due to non operational GTGs | Not monitored due to non operational GTGs | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---------------------------|---|---|---------------|---|---|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|
| N + n C M | 5 | GPCB norms | Apr-25 | May-25 | Jun-25 | Jul-25 | Aug-25 | Sep-25 | Oct-25 | Nov-25 | Dec-25 | Jan-26 | Feb-26 | Mar-26 | Range (April-25 to Sept 25) |
| , G | <u>.</u> | GF | _ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 9 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 11 | 12 | |

BDL: Below Detection Level.

NOISE LEVEL REPORT

| | <u>+</u> | | 1 | l | 1 |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Mar-26 | Lnigh | | | | |
| Ma | L_{day} | | | | |
| -26 | L_{night} | | | | |
| Feb | L _{day} | | | | |
| 26 | L-night | | | | |
| Jan- | L _{day} | | | | |
| .25 | Lday Lnight Lday Lnight Lday Lnight Lday Lnight | | | | |
| Dec- | Lday | | | | |
| -25 | Lnight | | | | |
| Nov- | L _{day} | | | | |
| 25 | Lnight | | | | |
| Oct- | Lday | | | | |
| Jul-25 Aug-25 Sep-25 Oct-25 Nov-25 Dec-25 Jan-26 Feb-26 | Lday Lnight Lday Lnight Lday Lnight Lday Lnight Lday Lnight Lday Lnight | 48.4 | 1.44 | 45.3 | 47.6 |
| Sep- | Lday | 9.73 | 55.3 | 56.7 | 58.2 |
| -25 | Lnight | 48.7 58.2 49.2 57.6 48.3 58.6 49.4 57.6 48.4 | 44.5 56.3 45.5 55.7 44.3 56.4 45.7 55.3 44.1 | 45.3 57.6 46.1 56.2 45.6 57.3 46.2 56.7 45.3 | 47.2 59.4 48.4 58.4 47.2 59.1 48.3 58.2 47.6 |
| Aug- | Lday | 58.6 | 56.4 | 57.3 | 59.1 |
| 25 | Lnight L | 48.3 | 44.3 | 45.6 | 47.2 |
| ,-IuL | Lday | 9.73 | 55.7 | 56.2 | 58.4 |
| | Lnight | 49.2 | 45.5 | 46.1 | 48.4 |
| Jun-25 | Lday | 58.2 | 56.3 | 9.73 | 59.4 |
| /-25 | Lnight | 48.7 | 44.5 | 45.3 | 47.2 |
| May- | | | | 56.4 | |
| Apr-25 | Lday Lnight Lday | 49.4 | 45.2 | 46.7 | 48.2 |
| Apr- | L _{day} | 58.3 49.4 57.6 | 56.1 45.2 55.2 | 57.6 46.7 56.4 | 59.4 48.2 58.1 |
| #; con; | רווווו | Day-75 db | | Day-75 db Night-70db | Day-75 db Night-70db |
| :: | | decibel | decibel | decibel | decibel |
| | SI.IIO. LOCAIIOII | North | East | West | South |
| 3 | or.110. | ~ | 2 | က | 4 |
| | | | | | |

GROUND WATER QUALITY STATUS REPORT

| | GWZ | G W S |
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| BDL BDL | | |
| BDL BDL | | |
| 0.56 1.03 | | |
| BDL BDL | | |
| Absent Absent | | |
| BDL BDL | | |
| BDL BDL | | |
| | < | |

MARINE WATER QUALITY STATUS REPORT

| | | | | | , | |
|--------|------------------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | | : | Jun-25 | Sep-25 | Dec-25 | Mar-26 |
| Sr.no. | Parameter | Onit | MW | MM | MW | MW |
| _ | Temperature | S | 30 | 30 | | |
| 2 | НА | 1 | 7.92 | 8.31 | | |
| 3 | Color | Co-pt | 65 | 99 | | |
| 4 | Total Suspended Solids | mg/L | 2505 | 2436 | | |
| 5 | Total Dissloved Solids (TDS) | mg/L | 17090 | 16847 | | |
| 9 | Chlorides as CL | mg/L | 1964.6 | 1878.3 | | |
| 7 | Sulphate as SO4 | mg/L | 3690 | 3534 | | |
| 8 | BOD (5 days @ 20°C) | mg/L | 22 | 16 | | |
| 6 | СОВ | mg/L | 80.7 | 27.3 | | |
| 10 | Oil & Grease | mg/L | BDL | TOB | | |
| 11 | Phenolic Compound | mg/L | BDL | TOB | | |
| 12 | Zinc as Zn | mg/L | 0.172 | 0.164 | | |
| 13 | Total Chromium as Cr+3 | mg/L | 0.084 | 220.0 | | |
| 14 | Lead as Pb | mg/L | BDL | TOB | | |
| 15 | Cyanide as CN | mg/L | BDL | TOB | | |
| 16 | Flouride as F | mg/L | 1.16 | 1.04 | | |
| 17 | Copper as Cu | mg/L | 0.076 | 0.061 | | |
| 18 | Insecticide | mg/L | Absent | Absent | | |
| 19 | Pesticide | mg/L | BDL | TOB | | |
| 20 | Mercury as Hg | mg/L | BDL | TOB | | |
| 21 | Hexavalent Chromium as Cr+6 | mg/L | BDL | TOB | | |
| 22 | Nickel as Ni | mg/L | BDL | TOB | | |
| | BDL*: Below Detection Limit | | | | | |

ANNEXURE –III

CSR DETAILS

PLL has constructed a temple at the site for the local people and has contributed towards infrastructure in the area for roads and drinking water.

Community development and welfare measures are taken. Village Luwara has been jointly adopted along with another nearby industry, as directed by PCPIR Welfare Society. Separate fund allocated for CSR.

Some of the schemes completed/under progress are Health Center (construction & operation), drainage and provision of street lights at Village Luwara. Rupees 75 lakh contributed to PCPIR Welfare Society. Two ladies from Luwara village sponsored for nursing course at Vidhyadeep Community college, Bharuch. Sponsored construction of Sanitation scheme at village Muller. Active participation in other Government initiated community development programs.

Installed 10 nos. Emergency solar lighting at prominent places in village Luwara. Donated Rs.1 lac for Bharuch District Civic centre development. Participated in Govt. scheme on KanyaKelvani. Installation of drainage crossings to remove accumulated water at 4 locations within the village Luvara at a cost of Rs. 0.8 lacs. Construction of approach road in village Lakhigaon, Dahej.

PLL has sponsored 'Mataria Talav drinking water project' of the Bharuch Municipality Corporation. This project is for the supply of sweet drinking water from the Narmada River to the residents of Bharuch city. MD&CEO handed over cheque for Rs. 25 Lacs to the Collector, Bharuch on 13/06/2011 and further, PLL added Rs. 20 Lacs for the 'MatariaTalav drinking water project'

PLL installed 50 nos. Emergency solar lighting at prominent places in village Luwara& 10 nos. Emergency solar lighting at prominent places in village Lakhigam of Vagra Taluka in Bharuch District. Provided School Bus to Primary School at Lakhigam Village and also running Primary Health Center at Luvara Village. PLL constructed Bus-stand and extended Gram Panchayat Bhavan building at Luvara Village.

PLL installed 25 Nos. of Solar lights at prominent places in village Lakhigam and Luwara. Contributed Rs. 20 Lakhs in Akshay Patra mid-day meal scheme at villages in and around Dahej location. Also, contributed Rs. 10.00 Lakhs in Gujarat Lion Conservation Society towards procurement of Vehicle.

Primary health services to Luvara village, Gynec health and Pulse Polio campaign (Pakhajan PHC). PLL supported noble cause of Construction of Storm water drainage at Shravan Chokdi to Jambusar by pass (over bridge) in Bharuch. This project is executed under District Collector office.

Request from CDHO (Chief District Health Officer) was received to participate in various health initiatives. PLL agreed during meeting with DM to provide the ambulance for PHC, Pakhajan Village of Vagra Taluka. PLL is supporting Luvara School for reference books, uniform, school picnic and creating awareness on environment, health, safety and security aspects through various programs regularly, rewarding bright students etc. PLL celebrated Shala Pravesh Utsav at Luvara School and distributed tool box to children.

Bharuch has problem of solid waste management and garbage disposal. To improve on cleanliness of the town, PLL is supporting initiative of GREEN BHARUCH CLEAN BHARUCH by donating two dumper placer worth Rs. 23.94 Lakh.

Due to delay in recruitment of teachers, primary schools in and around Dahej has 40% teaching staff. To support education by deploying young educated teachers, PLL sponsored 14 teachers in 4 schools of villages of Dahej, Lakhigam and Luvara.

PLL constructed 11hosues of homeless tribes in Luvara village at a cost of 25 Lakh. PLL initiated drive to make Luvara open defecation free by sponsoring toilets for 172 houses at a cost of Rs. 17.2 Lakh.

As a part of initiate for Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, PLL constructed five toilet blocks for school at Lakhigam, Luvara, Ambetha, Jageshwar & Dahej. Also, PLL has constructed 91 Toilet blocks at an estimated expenditure of Rs. 172 Lakhs for various schools in fifteen district of Assam in co-ordination with Rashtriya Madhiyamik Siksha Abhiyan (RMSA).

Cancer screening done (Pep and Breast) for female above 18 years at Luvara village. Establishment of equipment for Ultra Sonography Ward done at General/Civil Hospital, Bharuch. Motivational Awards (Academics and punctuality), School kit and reference books given for Luvara School students. Nutrition and clothing kit (105 nos.) was given to under nourished baby and mother.

PLL has sponsored Drawing competition, Educational tour and uniform distribution at Primary School Luvara. PLL sponsored Medical Equipment such as Eye sight testing, ECG Machine, Spirometer, Pulse Oxymeter etc. to Luvara Primary Health Centre. PLL also celebrated Swatch Bharat Pakhwada during 16th June, 2016 to 30th June, 2016 in co-ordination and consultation with neighboring villages, communities, schools etc.

The launch of Project Vidhyagam was organized in Luwara Primary School wherein a classroom library for std. 7 & 8 students is setup. About 130 books (syllabus and general reading including comics, biographies, story books, general knowledge, science fiction in Gujarati, Hindi and English language) has been kept in the library. The idea behind this project is that students develop interest in reading and thus studying. The PLL Disha Ladies Club organized for food and distribution of educational kits for 65 girls in the Orphanage in Bharuch on 11th Sept 2016. A focused group discussion on importance of hygiene and cleanliness was organized by Ladies club members as well.

Roofing item worth Rs. 2 Lacs was provided to the Gram Panchayat Office of Luwara Village for construction of house for 10 tribal families living below the poverty line. This material consisted of cement roof, channel, and hooks. It is expected that the construction of houses will be done by mid-January 2017.

Petronet LNG Limited celebrated the World Sight Day on 13th October 2016 by organizing the Eye Screening Camp for contractual labor at the company premises. The camp was organized in association with Wockhardt Foundation and about 200 labor and 60 employees participated in the same. During the camp; 125 specs and 60 unit of drops were distributed to beneficiaries based on assessment by Doctors.

On the occasion of 147th birth anniversary of Father of Nation Shri Mahatma Gandhi Health and Hygiene talk, Swachhta Selfie Campaign, Drawing Competition at Govt. High School, Lakhigam and other activities were organized as part of Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan.

It is observed that there is a shortage of regular teachers in local schools and severely hampering the quality of education of poor children in schools. To mitigate this problem, PLL has started supporting para teachers in local school and ensuring improvement in quality of education in local schools.

PLL CSR team participated in world school day celebration on 23 March, 2017. As a part of celebration PLL has distributed Uniforms to Std. 8th Students. It was decided to provide two pair of uniforms to all students in school. The uniforms were prepared by Sardar Mahila Vikas Mandal a group of tribal women for employment generation and livelihood opportunity. PLL provided work order worth of Rs. 2,23,980/-

As the students studying in primary schools are coming from BPL and poor families, most of the families are not able to afford educational tours for their children. Every year school is organizing such tour sponsored by PLL. Students will get exposures to various places and gain experience. About 150 students get benefit of this tour and

places covered like Dwarka, Somnath, Porbandar, Smruti Mandir, Naheru Planetorium, Sasan Gir etc.

PLL had sponsored community mass marriage of weaker community, participated in Shala Pravesh Utsav 2017, planted 150 of trees in nearby villages, distributed food packages during water logging observed at nearby villages, supported empowerment of Special children, engaged contractor for repair and maintenance of Toilets in nearby School, arranged cessions for awareness on solid waste management at school.

PLL supported 10th Special Olympics, Bharuch in January, 2018, sponsored project "Kaushal Setu" Skill Development Program with CIPET, Ahmedabad and trained 100 underprivileged youth, supported educational tour for Primary School of Luvara Village, provided para-teachers at school of nearby villages, sponsored community mass marriage of weaker community, supported "Startup Village" project towards Rural Youth Entrepreneurship Development Program, Supporting Swachh Bharat Abhiyan by District Administration Bharuch (Heritage Walk).

PLL signed MoA with Samagra Shiksha Abhiyan, Department of Education, Govt. of Gujarat on 23rd Jan. 2019 at Govt. Primary School, Luvara village for the Development of Primary School at Luvara Village. PLL supported District Level Special Olympics Games which was organized on 23rd February 2019. Around 250 special children, 150 volunteers including PLL volunteers and coaches participated during the event.

(July, 2019 to Dec. 2019)

PLL has signed MoU with ALIMCO to provide Aids and Equipment to disables of Bharuch District. PLL has signed MoU with Wockhardt Foundation to run Mobile Medical Unit (MMU) in nearby villages of PLL plant area. PLL has signed MoU with NHFDC to provide skill training to disable youth of Bharuch District. PLL has supported relief camp for affected community near Lakhigam during monsoon season.

(Jan.2020 to June 2020)

PLL has conducted assessment camps at Jambusar and Vagra Taluka of Bharuch Distrcit to Aids and Equipment to disables. Kaushal Setu Skill Training with CIPET Ahmedabad 78 candidates have complated the training and 90% of them got job with the salary range of Rs. 9000 to Rs. 12000. PLL has conducted District Level Special Olympics in parnership with Kalrav Trusy Bharuch and Special Olympics, Gujarat. As a part of COVID-19 pendemic response, PLL has contributed Rs. 34.00 lakhs to

District Health Office, Bharuch to proque PPE Kits, Masks and Senitise materils for COVID-19 worriers. PLL has provides 4300 nos. of Ration kits worth of Rs. 25.00 lakhs to Migrant Labours, and Poor Families of nearby villages. Petronet LNG Limited (PLL) under its CSR initiatives aims at distributing 1,00,000 face masks to the migrant labor communities, slum dwellers, nearby hospitals, local police authorities & Government Offices to combat COVID-19 in the Bhaurch District of Gujarat.

(July 2020 to December 2020)

PLL has supported Construction of Priamry School, at Luvara village worth of Rs. 1,71 Crore. Construction is about to complete by March, 2021. PLL has distributed aids and equipment to about 250 disable beneficiaries at Jambusar and Vagra Taluka of Bharuch District. As a part of COVID-19 pandemic response, in addition to supporting District Health Office (CDHO) and Distributing Rations Kits to to Migrant Labours, and Poor Families of nearby villages, PLL has prepared 1,00,000 cotton masks through Women SHGs of Bharuch Distrcit. About 80 women got indirect employment during pandemic through this initiative. These masks were distributed among local communities of nearby villages, health workers, labour community, Nagarpalika Sawachhta Karmchari, Special Children and their families, Vegetable vendors, Local Police authorities, Government Offices, Security Guards, PLL employees also participated in mask distribution initiative. These masks were made of Cotton considering it environment aspect for reusable and bio-degradable properties.

(January, 2021 to June, 2021)

PLL/PLF has signed agreement with Wockhardt Foundation to run Mobile Medical Unit (MMU) in nearby villages of PLL plant area. This MMU is providing its services to nearby villages like Lakhigam, Navi Nagari, Luvara, Jageshwar, Ambetha. More than 5500 patients have been benefited during last six months. PLL/PLF has signed agreement with NHFDC to provide skill training to disable youth of Bharuch District. First batch of 30 candidate started from April, 2021. PLL/PLF has signed agreement with MOKSHDA to install environment friendly green crematorium system to reduce excessive use of wood. The works are under progress, Construction of Govt. Primary School at Luvara village with 12 classrooms and modern amenities worth of Rs .1.71 Crs. and Construction of 24 Nos. of widow quarters for BSF worth of Rs. 5.87 Crs. are going to completed by end of July, 2021. PLL/PLF skill training partner CIPET, Ahmedabad has completed skill training of 75 candidates and remaining 25 candidates are under progress. Candidate have secured job of Rs. 10,000 per month to Rs. 15,000 per month post completion of training programme. Most of the CSR projects got delayed due COVID-19 restrictions.

(July, 2021 to December, 2021)

PLL/PLF has signed agreement with Wockhardt Foundation to run Mobile Medical Unit (MMU) in nearby villages of PLL plant area. This MMU is providing its services to nearby villages like Lakhigam, Navi Nagari, Luvara, Jageshwar, Ambetha. More than 8500 patients have been benefited during last six months. PLL/PLF has signed agreement with NHFDC to provide skill training to disable youth of Bharuch District. First batch of 30 candidate started from April, 2021 and second batch of 20 candidates started in August, 2021 and both batches have been completed during December, 2021. PLL/PLF has signed agreement with MOKSHDA to install environment friendly green crematorium system to reduce excessive use of wood. The works are under progress, Construction of Govt. Primary School at Luvara village with 12 classrooms and modern amenities worth of Rs .1.71 Crs. and Construction of 24 Nos. of widow quarters for BSF widow's worth of Rs. 5.87 Crs. are completed. PLL/PLF skill training partner CIPET, Ahmedabad has completed skill training of 93/100 candidates. Candidate have secured job of Rs. 10,000 per month to Rs. 15,000 per month post completion of training programme. PLL has signed agreement with Bharuch Nagarpalika to provide support for Disaster Management and Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Bharuch Nagarpalika would procure one fire tender and Road sweeping machine with the financial support of Rs. 1.93 Cr. under PLL CSR Initiatives. PLL has signed an agreement with Gujarat CSR Authority (GCSRA) for construction of Panchayat Bhavan at Lakhigam village. PLL has supported Development of Green Zone beneath newly constructed flyover bridge at Bharuch City.

(January, 2022- June, 2022)

PLL/PLF has signed agreement with Wockhardt Foundation to run Mobile Medical Unit (MMU) in nearby villages of PLL plant area. This MMU-1 is providing its services to nearby villages like Lakhigam, Navi Nagari, Luvara, Jageshwar, Ambetha. More than 15000 patients have been benefited during last six months. PLL/PLF has signed agreement with NHFDC to provide skill training to disable youth of Bharuch District. First batch of 30 candidate started from April, 2021 and second batch of 20 candidates started in August, 2021 and both batches have been completed during December, 2021. This project benefited 50 disable persons with computer skill, Certificate distribution held during June, 2022. PLL/PLF has signed agreement with MOKSHDA to install environment friendly green crematorium system to reduce excessive use of wood. The works are under progress, Construction of Govt. Primary School at Luvara village with 12 classrooms and modern amenities worth of Rs. 1.71 Crs. and Construction of 24 Nos. of widow quarters for BSF widow's worth of Rs. 5.87 Crs. are completed. PLL/PLF skill training partner CIPET, Ahmedabad has completed skill training of 93/100 candidates. Candidate have secured job of Rs. 10,000 per month to Rs. 15,000 per month post completion of training programme.

PLL has singed a new agreement with CIPET, Ahmedabad to train 400 candidates in CNC Machine and Plastic Product Manufacturing. First batch of 50 candidate enrolled and initiated. PLL has signed agreement with Bharuch Nagarpalika to provide support for Disaster Management and Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Bharuch Nagarpalika would procure one fire tender and Road sweeping machine with the financial support of Rs. 1.93 Cr. under PLL CSR Initiatives. PLL has signed an agreement with Gujarat CSR Authority (GCSRA) for construction of Panchayat Bhavan at Lakhigam village with financial support of Rs. 1.13 Crs.. PLL has supported Development of Green Zone beneath newly constructed flyover bridge at Bharuch City with financial support of Rs. 5.00 lakhs. PLL has supported development of Sports facility by Police Department, Bharuch with financial support of Rs. 5.00 lakh. PLL has supported Medical Equipments to Kasturba Hospital, Seva Rural Jhagadia with financial support of Rs. 5.00 lakh. PLL has provided support to Seva Yagaya Samiti for Strengthening of Facilities for Orphan/destitute Old Age Patients at Civil Hospital, Bharuch for Rs. 5.00 lakh. PLL has partnered with National Youth Foundation to Support for School Health Check-Up Program' at 48 Schools of Vagra Taluka, Dist. Bharuch Gujarat for Rs. 19.92 lakh.

(July, 2022- December, 2022)

PLL/PLF has signed agreement with Wockhardt Foundation to run Two Mobile Medical Unit (MMU) in nearby villages of PLL plant area. This MMU-1 is providing its services to nearby villages like Lakhigam, Navi Nagari, Luvara, Jageshwar, Ambetha. MMU-2 is providing services to Dahej, Suva, Rahiyad, Vav, Vadadla, Kadodar and Sambheti More than 30000 patients have been benefited during last six months. PLL has singed a new agreement with CIPET, Ahmedabad to train 400 candidates in CNC Machine and Plastic Product Manufacturing. First batch of 50 candidates and second batch of 45 candidates enrolled and initiated. PLL skill training partner CIPET, Ahmedabad has completed skill training of 39 candidates. Candidate have secured job of Rs. 10,000 per month to Rs. 15,000 per month post completion of training programme. PLL has signed an agreement with Gujarat CSR Authority (GCSRA) for construction of Panchayat Bhavan at Lakhigam village with financial support of Rs. 1.13 Crs. The Construction works are under progress. PLL has partnered with National Youth Foundation to Support for School Health Check-Up Program' at 48 Schools of Vagra Taluka, Dist. Bharuch Gujarat for Rs. 19.92 lakh. This programme successfully completed about 6500 students benefited from this initiative. PLL had partner with Blind People's Association and Torch It to distribute 1000 assistive devises to Divyang Jans of Gujarat State, The Project successfully completed with distribution in various interior districts of Gujarat State.

PLL has celebrated Swachhta Pakhwada 2022 with Say no to Plastic theme, distributed about 20,000 cotton bags prepared by SHGs and various awareness initiatives in local villages. PLL has celebrated Har Ghar Tiranga 2022 Abhiyan, and distributed about 10,000

National Flags prepared by SHGs in local villages. PLL has supported Installation of Dishwasher Machine at Asmita Vikas Kendra, Tralsa (Bharuch) worth of Rs. 4.75 Lakhs.

(January, 2023- June, 2023)

PLL has signed agreement with Wockhardt Foundation to run Two Mobile Medical Unit (MMU) in nearby villages of PLL plant area. This MMU-1 is providing its services to nearby villages like Lakhigam, Navi Nagari, Luvara, Jageshwar, Ambetha. MMU-2 is providing services to Dahej, Suva, Rahiyad, Vav, Vadadla, Kadodar and Sambheti More than 60000 patients have been benefited during last six months.

PLL has singed a new agreement with CIPET, Ahmedabad to train 200 candidates in CNC Machine and Plastic Product Manufacturing. PLL skill training partner CIPET, Ahmedabad has completed skill training of 110 candidates. 90% Candidates have secured job of Rs. 10,000 per month to Rs. 15,000 per month post completion of training programme. PLL has signed an agreement with Gujarat CSR Authority (GCSRA) for construction of Panchayat Bhavan at Lakhigam village with financial support of Rs. 1.13 Crs. The Construction works are under progress.

PLL has signed an agreement with Gujarat CSR Authority (GCSRA) for construction of Govt. Primary School Building at Lakhigam village with financial support of Rs.2.41 Crs. The building plan, design and estimates preparation under progress.

PLL has signed an agreement with Vikas Centre for Development for Pond Redevelopment at Luvara village with project cost of Rs. 95.00 lakh. This project would ensure preservation of natural resources, ground water recharged and reduce salinity in this area.

PLL has signed an Agreement with Ekal Gramothan Foundation to Support Basic Computer Education in Interior Tribal Villages of Narmada and Bharuch District. About 300 youth gets trained on basic computer education.

PLL has singed an MoU with District TB Office, Bharuch and Seva Yagya Samiti for Pradhan Matri TB Mukt Bharat Abhiyan. PLL is supporting nutrition kit for 300 TB patients of Bharuch Taluka for six month with project cost of Rs. 18.00 lakh.

PLL has supported District Level Special Olympics for Special Children in Bharuch District. Every Year about 250 special children participate in 25 different sports games. Winners gets chance to represent at State and Nation event.

PLL has supported Development of Sprots Ground at Govt. High School, Lakhigam. PLL has supported women empowerment through livelihood support for Papad making Gruh udhyog. PLL has supported development of Garden and Recreation area at Luvara village. PLL has supported fisherman community in local area through distribution of Fishing Kit which is useful for seasonal fishing activities for local community.

PLL CSR & HSE Team has conducted Community Awareness Program on Industrial Safety, and Fire Safety in local Schools and Villages.

(July, 2023 – September, 2023)

PLL has celebrated Swachhta Pakhwada 2023 and conducted various awareness programs on Health and Sanitation, Medical Check ups in Schools and Villages, Swachhta Pledge, Wall Painting in villages, Nukkad Natak, Employee Quiz, Painting Competition, Reels Competition, Beach Cleaning etc. It was 15 days long celebration involving 35 stakeholders and more than 1700 participants.

PLL has extended support for flood affected area of Bharuch district by providing Mobile Medical Unit and 500 Ration Kits to District Administration, Bharuch.

PLL supported two Mobile Medical Unit in partnership with Wockhardt Foundation is providing its services in 10 nearby villages on daily basis and facilitated medical services free of cost to more than 3000 patients on monthly basis.

(October, 2023 – March, 2024)

Inaugration of 24 No. of BSF Widow Quarters at BSF Campus, Gandhinagar in presence of IG, BSF and GGM & President (Plant Head) and handedover keys to beneficiearies.

PLL supported Papad Making Unit at Lakhigam Village benefitting Self Help Group for home based employement.

PLL Supproted Distrcit Level Special Olympics, 2023 about 250 special children participated in 25 different games.

PLL faliciated by District Administration, Bharuch for supproting TB Mukt Bharat Abhiyan in Bharuch District.

PLL faliciated by Kalrav Cheritable Trust, Bharuch for supproting Special Olympics 2023.

PLL supported two Mobile Medical Unit in partnership with Wockhardt Foundation is providing its services in 10 nearby villages on daily basis and facilitated medical services free of cost to more than 3000 patients on monthly basis.

Kaushal Setu Skill Training – CIPET Ahmedabad, Sh. Sanjay Kumar GGM & President (Plant Head) PLL Dahej visted CIPET Ahmedabad and falicited candiates with certificates and employment letter. Total 176 Candidates have completed the training and received placement of Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 15,000 per month.

PLL has signed an MOA with CIPET, Ahmedabad for Kaushal Setu Skill Training, Sh. Sanjay Kumar GGM & President (Plant Head) PLL Dahej signed an MOA for residential training of 200 candidates including 50 female candidates.

(April, 2024 – September, 2024)

PLL has conducted, Free Eye and Body Check up Camps in 10 Villages of Bharuch in partnership with Mahavir Foundation,

PLL has developed recreation area (Garden) facility at Luvara village for wellbeing of community through recreation, about 2500+ community members and their children getting benefits of this facility on regular basis.

PLL has supported Construction of Shri PJ Chheda Janta Vidhyalaya at Dahej, PLL has funded development of two classroom and multimedia room facilities within school building, about 750+ students of Std. 9 to Std. 12 will be befitted through this initiative,

PLL has supported community mass marriage at Dahej village, about 45 couples participated in less expensive marriages, PLL has encourage them with providing utensils kit.

PLL has celebrated Swachhata Pakhwada 2024 involving various stakeholders like 15 villages, 12 schools, 4 NGO partners and PLL volunteers, participated in various Awareness activities, Nukkad Natak, Health Camps Competitions, Wall paintings, RO installation, School Toilet Renovation etc, about 2500+ people connected through various activities and benefitted.

Kaushal Setu Skill Training – CIPET Ahmedabad, Project competed Total 198 Candidates have completed the training and received placement of Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 15,000 per month.

PLL has signed an MOA with CIPET, Ahmedabad for Kaushal Setu Skill Training, Sh. Sanjay Kumar GGM & President (Plant Head) PLL Dahej signed an MOA for residential training of 200 candidates including 50 female candidates. About 66 Candidates are under training period.

(October, 2024 – March, 2025)

PLL Dahej CSR activities honoured by Gujarat Employer's Organisation, 2nd runner up for Year 2024-25,

Facilitation and Certificate received from Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Govt. of India for TB Mukt Bharat Abhiyan Project,

Construction of Panchayat Bhavan, Lakhigam Village project worth Rs. 1.13 Cr, completed and handed over to Gram Panchayat,

Celebrated Swachhata Pakhwada - 2025 and Swachhata Hi Seva 2025 impacted 15+ nearby villages, 30+ stakeholders, 150+ PLL contract workers and 4000+ local community members,

Supported Community Mass Marriages for Poor families in nearby villages and impacted 100+ newly married couples

PLL Supported for Construction of School Building at Dahej (Multimedia Room and 2 No. of Classrooms) for Rs. 49 L, Project completed and impacted 750+ students of secondary and higher secondary

PLL developed recreation facility at Luvara Village impacted 1500+ local community members

PLL conducted Free Eye and Body Check ups in 10 nearby villages, impacted 5800+ community members, 887 spectacle distributed and 1000 Ration kits and sanitary pads distributed.

PLL Mobile Medical Units provided free medical services in nearby 15 villages throughout year, impacting more than 2500+ patients on monthly basis,

PLL signed an MoA with Vikas Centre for Development for Redevelopment of Pond at Luvara village for Rs. 94.00 L and 90% project have been completed.

PLL signed an MoA with CIPET: IPT Ahmedabad for Kushal Setu Skill Training Program to provide sustainable employment to 200 candidates in two years, 97/100 candidates have been trained and placed in allied industries with salary range of Rs. 15000 to Rs. 25000 per month.

(April, 2025 – October 2025)

PLL Mobile Medical Units provided free medical services in nearby 15 villages throughout year, impacting more than 2600+ patients on monthly basis,

PLL signed an MoA with Vikas Centre for Development for Redevelopment of Pond at Luvara village for Rs. 94.00 L and Project completed and handed over to Gram Panchayat, Luvara

PLL signed an MoA with CIPET: IPT Ahmedabad for Kushal Setu Skill Training Program to provide sustainable employment to 200 candidates in two years, 160/100 candidates have been trained and placed in allied industries with salary range of Rs. 15000 to Rs. 25000 per month,

Celebrated Swachhata Pakhwada - 2025 and Swachhata Hi Seva 2025 impacted 15+ nearby villages, 30+ stakeholders, 150+ PLL contract workers and 18757 local community members, students and planted 155 tree saplings

PLL has supported Distribution of Aid and Assistive Devices to Disables of Bharuch-Narmada District under CSR Initiatives, Nation Association for Blind, Bharuch has requested PLL to support about 65 Disables with Aid and Assortative Devises, it includes Joystick Wheelchair Tricycle Conventional Hand Propelled, C.P. Wheelchair With Commode, Sugamya Cane, Foldable Walker, Hearing Aid, etc,

MoA was signed between Petronet LNG Ltd. (PLL) and Gujarat Council of School Education (GCSE), Samagra Shiksha, Govt of Gujarat for Construction of School Building at Government Primary School, Ambetha

This project includes construction of new school building with a cost of Rs. 2.44 Cr., it comprise of G+2 Building, 07 no. of Rooms and toilets/urinals on each floors, This initiative would benefit 150 students of Ambetha villages by getting infrastructure support for better educational facilities,

CSR Activities Glimpse of July, 2022-December, 2022.

Widow Quarters 24 Nos. at BSF, Gandhinagar





Construction of Primary School Luvara Village





Kaushal Setu Skill Training – CIPET Ahmedabad, MOA Signed (P-III)







Mobile Health Unit (MHU) (Wockhardt Foundation)









Promote fitness and encouragement of sports activities by Police

Department, Bharuch





Agreement Signed with GCSRA for Construction of Panchayat Bhavan at Lakhigam village







Swachh Bharat with Bharuch Nagarpalika













Visit of Seva Rural Jhagadiya



Distribution of 1000 Saarthi Assistive Devices to 1000 Blind persons in Gujarat
State

















Certificate Distribution for NHFDC Skill Training for Disables





Handover Old age care facility to Seva Yagya Samiti





Visit of Ashmita Vikas Kendra, Tralsa





Construction of Panchayat Bhavan, Lakhigam





Visit of IIT-Gandhinagar



Skill Development Workshop on for promotion of Art & Culture





Har Ghar Tiranga Celebrations





Free School Health Care Camps at 48 Govt, Schools of Vagra Taluka













CSR Activities Glimpse from January 2023, to September, 2023.

Kaushal Setu Skill Training – CIPET Ahmedabad, MOA Signed (P-III)













Mobile Health Unit (MHU) (Wockhardt Foundation)













Ekal on Wheel, Ekal Gramothan Foundation









TB Mukt Bharat Abhiyan





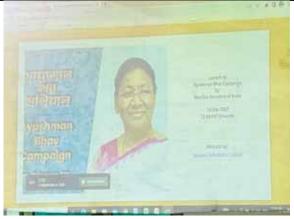












Distribution of Fishing Kits at Luvara Village









MoA for Construction of Govt. Primary School, Lakhigam Village



Safety Awarness at Luvara Village





Redevelopment of Pond at Luvara Village









Swachhta Pakhwada 2023









Swachhta Hi Seva - 2023









MMU Services in Flood Affected Areas





Ration Kit Handover to District Administration, Bharuch









Inaugration of 24 No. of BSF Widow Quarters at BSF Campus, Gandhinagar









Papad Making Unit at Lakhigam Village benefitting Self Help Group for home based employement









Distrcit Level Special Olympics 2024









Falicitation for TB Project by District Administration Bharuch





Falicitation for Special Olympics Project by KALRAV Cheritable Trust Bharuch





Kaushal Setu Skill Training – CIPET Ahmedabad, MOA Signed (P-IV)





CSR Activity Glimpses: April, 2024 – September, 2024

Free Eye and Body Checkup Camps in 10 nearby Villages

















Development of recreation area (Garden) at Luvara Village

















Support for Construction of School Building at Dahej (Multimedia Room and 2 No. of Classrooms)









Support for Community Mass Marriage for Poor Families









Beach Cleanup Drive 25.04.2024





Beach Cleanup Drive 04.07.2024





Swachhta Pakhwada – 2024

















































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Closing Ceremony Swachhata Pakhwada – 2024













Kaushal Setu Skill Training – CIPET Ahmedabad, MOA Signed (P-IV)

















Glimpse of CSR Activities : October, 2024 – March 2025

Swachhata Hi Seva – 2024

































MOU Signed with Gujarat Commerce and Science Collage, Dahej













TB Mukt Bharat Abhiyan - 2025









3rd GEO CSR Award - 2025









Closing Ceremony Swachhata Pakhwada – 2025













Support for Community Mass Marriage for Poor Families, Suva Village













Tree Plantation drive on Women's Day 2025









Health Awarness drive on Women's Day 2025









Celebration of World TB Day 2025









Construction of Govt. Primary School, Ambetha Village





Support for Aid and Assistive Devices to Disables of Bharuch-Narmada District









Swachhata Pakhwada - 2025

















Swachhata Hi Seva – 2025





















Redevelopment of Pond at Luvara Village

























































Annexure IV



Certificate of Conformity

Standard: Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (Codes of Practices for Emergency Response and Disaster Management Plan (ERDMP)), Regulations, 2010 and amendment 2025.

Certificate Number: BOSAI/0786

Certificate Holder: Petronet LNG Limited, Dahej LNG Terminal

Scope: Review & implementation of ERDMP as per the PNGRB Regulations.

This is to certify that **BOSAI SAFETY PRIVATE LIMITED**, approved TPIA by PNGRB vide Registration No. PNGRB/Tech/11-TPIA/ (1)/2024 (E-4902) dated 21.03.2025 have reviewed and assessed the ERDMP document prepared by Petronet LNG Limited, Dahej LNG Terminal and found the same in conformity with the Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (Codes of Practices for Emergency Response and Disaster Management Plan (ERDMP)), Regulations, 2010 and amendment 2025. The audit team conducted site assessment visit on 29.09.2025, 30.09.2025 & 01.10.2025 at Petronet LNG Limited, Dahej LNG Terminal, to review implementation of ERDMP as per the requirement and found the same to be compliant.

This certificate is being issued to Petronet LNG Limited, Dahej LNG Terminal for their compliance of ERDMP documents as per PNGRB Regulations. 2010 and amendment 2025.

Issued on:16/10/2025, Valid till:28/09/2028 (Three Years from the date of Audit)

(D.K. SINGH) Chief Executive Officer

Vote:

- 1. This Certificate is valid for maximum 5 years from the date of Audit or till any major Modification/ Revamp in the facility or as per directives of PNGRB whichever is earlier.
- Certificate is issued on the basis of assessment carried out and valid only with the maintaining the compliance of PNGRB regulations & OISD and other statute.
- BSPL does not take any responsibility of any incident/loss occurred due to violation of any condition in future including human error on continual basis.

Regd. Office: - 801, Tower -30, Lotus Panache, SECTOR- 110, NOIDA-201304, Mob: 9868920846, bosaisafety@gmail.com





PLOT NO. 7/A, GIDC INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, DAHEJ, TALUKA: VAGRA, DISTRICT: BHARUCH - 392 130, GUJARAT, INDIA.

Bureau Veritas Certification Holding SAS - UK Branch certifies that the Management System of the above organisation has been audited and found to be in accordance with the requirements of the Management System Standards detailed below.

Standards

ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015 & ISO 45001:2018

Scope of certification

PORT OPERATION, RECEIPT, STORAGE, RE-GASIFICATION OF LNG, DISPATCH OF RLNG & LNG.

Original cycle start date for ISO 9001 & ISO 14001; 21 January 2005

Original cycle start date for ISO 45001:

11 March 2021

Recertification cycle start date:

30 June 2025

Subject to the continued satisfactory operation of the organisation's Management System,

this certificate is valid until: 30 July 2028

Certificate No. IND.25.849/IM/U

Version: 1

Issue date: 30 June 2025

For certificate authenticity, click here https://certcheck.ukas.com/

150 45001

IN051277 IN051278



Signed on behalf of BVCH SAS UK Branch

Dr. JN MANIAN

Director - CERTIFICATION, South Asia Commodities, Industry & Facilities Division

Certification body appress: - Ath Fibor, 100 Lower Thames Street, London, ECSR 60L, United Kingdom.

Local office: Bureau Vertas (India) Private Limited (Centification Business)
72 Business Park, Marci Industrial Area, MIDC Cross Road "C",
Andhen (East), Mumoar – 400 093, India.

Further clarifications regarding the occore of this certificate and the applicability of the management system requirements may be obtained by consulting the organisation.

To check this certificate validity please cal = 91 22 8274 3000.



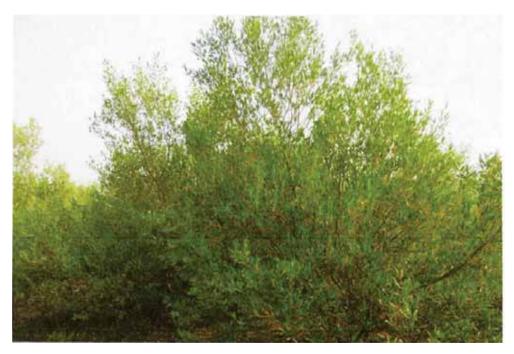
Annexure – VI Mangroves Plantation Details

Mangroves planted in 50 ha. area at **NADA** Coast during 2009-10





Mangroves planted in 100 ha. area at Ankalva Coast during 2010-11





Mangroves planted in 200 ha. area at Ankalva Coast during 2011-12





Mangroves planted in 200 ha. area at Ankalva Coast during 2012-13









Mangroves planted in 200 ha. area at Bhavnagar Coast during 2013-14





Mangroves planted in 200 ha. area at Bhavnagar Coast during 2014-15





Mangroves planted in 50 ha. area at at Kentiyajal Coast during 2014-15





Mangroves planted in 50 ha. area at Gadhula, Talaja Coast during 2016-17





Mangroves planted in 200 ha. area at at Kantiyajal Coast during 2023-24



Mangroves planted in 100 ha. area at at Paniyadra Coast during 2023-24



Mangroves planted in 200 ha. area at at Katpore Coast during 2024-25



Mangroves planted in 100 ha. area at at Ishanpur Coast during 2024-25





Mangroves planted in 175 ha. area at at Paniyadra Coast during 2024-25





Mangroves planted in 325 ha. area at at Dahej Coast during 2024-25





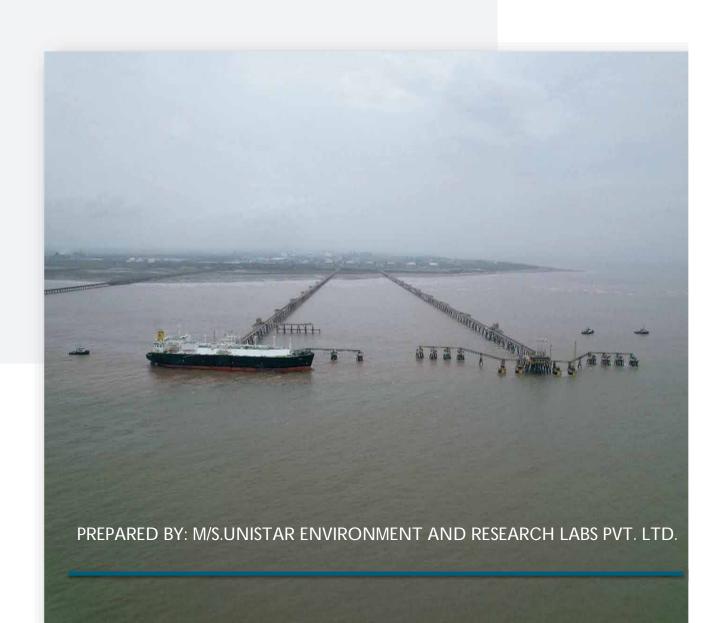
Annexure VII

MARINE ECOLOGICAL MONITORING REPORT

FOR

M/s.PETRONET LNG LIMITED., DAHEJ

JUNE 2025







Prepared by: M/s UniStar Environment and Research Labs Pvt. Ltd.

PREFACE

The Company had set up South East Asia's first LNG Receiving and Regasification Terminal with an original nameplate capacity of 5 MMTPA at Dahej, Gujarat. The infrastructure was developed in the shortest possible time and at a benchmark cost. The capacity of the terminal has been expanded in phases which is currently 17.5 MMTPA and the same is under expansion to 22.5 MMTPA in two phases. The terminal has 8 LNG storage tanks and other vaporization facilities. In FY 2023-24, PLL handled around 74% of the country's total LNG imports and catered to around 34% of the total natural gas consumption in the country.

The terminal has two LNG Jetties at Dahej. While the first jetty can handle the berthing of up to Q-Flex vessels, the second jetty can handle the berthing of up to Q-Max vessels. Dahej Terminal is the largest single-location LNG storage and regasification terminal in the country handling 3538 LNG cargoes till 30th September 2024. The terminal is also offering tolling services to Offtakers & Bulk customers. To cater the small customers who do not have gas pipeline connectivity, Dahej is supplying LNG to such customers which is transported through cryogenic trucks.

PLL Dahej is the first terminal to start loading LNG in trucks for the supply of LNG to the areas where pipelines have not been reached and today has 04 truck loading bays and a hub for the development of small-scale LNG business. PPL has entrusted the work of carrying out Marine Ecological Monitoring to M/s.UniStar Environment and Research Labs Pvt. Ltd.

These Marine Ecological Monitoring reports provide data obtained from monitoring and analysis activities undertaken on the date 07.06.2025. (June-2025)

Date: 30/06/2025

M/s.UniStar Environment and Research Labs Pvt. Ltd.

White House, Char Rasta, Vapi-396 191

Approved by

Manager - Operations (Jaivik Tandel)





Prepared by: M/s UniStar Environment and Research Labs Pvt. Ltd.

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Prepared by: M/s UniStar Environment and Research Labs Pvt. Ltd.

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Prepared by: M/s UniStar Environment and Research Labs Pvt. Ltd.

* INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background:

Marine Ecological Monitoring involves the Physico-chemical and biological analysis of Marine water. Marine water quality of Sub-tidal and Intertidal regions, Flora and Fauna analysis in marine water area and Benthos in inter-tidal and sub-tidal analysis for the Petronet LNG Ltd. (Dahej LNG Terminal). Water samples are collected from different location (station) and Benthos sample are collected from High water and low-water transect areas. Samples are brought to the laboratory by the field sampling team and the analysis was carried out in our laboratory and the results are presented in this report.

1.2 Objectives:

The primary objectives of this study are,

- a) To evaluate the physico-chemical parameters of seawater for better understanding of water quality in study region.
- b) To assess the marine biological status of the study region with quantitative and qualitative data of marine organisms (phytoplankton, zooplankton, and macrobenthos).
- c) To recommend adequate marine environmental management measures.

1.3 Scope of work

Sample collection on spatial basis for the Petronet LNG Ltd. (Dahej LNG Terminal) to evaluate the following parameters:

a) Mrine Biological Water quality sample analysis from subtidal region

Water quality will be assessed for Temperature, pH, Turbidity, Total suspended solids, salinity, Oil & grease, Dissolved Oxygen (DO), Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD), Calcium Carbonate, Alkanity, Petroleum Hydrocarbons (PHc), Total Phosphate, Nitrate, Ammonical nitrogen, Total nitrogen and Total coliform.

- b) Biological Analysis of collected sample with respect to phytoplankton, zooplankton and Chlorophyll from subtidal region
- c) Sampling of benthic communities from subtidal region between Low tide and high tide
- d)Intertidal flora/fauna Qualitative and quantitative estimations: phytoplankton, pollutation and generic diversity, primaery productivity, zooplankton standing stock, miceobenthic standing stock subtidal region, sea grass, algae, sea weeds, crustaceans, fishes mangroves and migratory birds etc.





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1.4 Sampling strategy

To evaluate the influence of activity at the Petronet LNG Ltd. (Dahej LNG Terminal), sedimentary parameters and marine biota present sampling was carried out on dated.07.06.2025

Table 1: Co-ordinates of subtidal and intertidal sampling stations

| Stations | | | Co-ordinates | | |
|-----------------|-------|-----|--------------|-------------|--|
| | ST-1 | HTL | 21°40.880'N | 72°29.807'E | |
| | | LTL | 21°40.887'N | 72°29.948'E | |
| | ST-2 | HTL | 21°39.867'N | 72°29.799'E | |
| | | LTL | 21°39.880'N | 72°29.790'E | |
| Sub-tidal (ST) | ST-3 | HTL | 21°39.100'N | 72°29.800'E | |
| | | LTL | 21°39.055'N | 72°29.801'E | |
| | ST-4 | HTL | 21°38.130′N | 72°30.432'E | |
| | | LTL | 21°38.020'N | 72°30.587'E | |
| Intertidal (IT) | IT-01 | | 21°40.572'N | 72°30.921'E | |
| | IT-02 | | 21°40.559'N | 72°30.586'E | |
| | IT-03 | | 21°40.128'N | 72°30.950'E | |
| | IT-04 | | 21°39.896'N | 72°30.629'E | |

a) Sampling frequency:

All Sampling subtidal stations were monitored during flood to ebb. Water samples were collected in Triplicate (surface, Middle and bottom) for assessing water quality and marine biological characteristics.

Intertidal sampling was completed during low tide, for assessed Macro benthic fauna samples were collect in duplicate from each transects.





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Figure 1. Sampling locations of Subtidal and intertidal at M/s.Petronet LNG Limited., Dahej Terminals



b) Sampling methodology:

- ➤ <u>Water quality</u>: Surface water samples were collected using the clean polyethylene bucket. Niskin water sampler (5-liter capacity) with a mechanism for closing at a desired depth using messenger was used for collecting sub-surface (bottom) water samples (~1m above the sea floor).
- ➤ <u>Sediment sampling</u>: For estimation of sedimentary parameters samples were collected from subtidal stations using Van-Veen type grab (area of 0.1 m²), while intertidal samples were collected using metal quadrant (0.25 m² area).
- > <u>Biological characteristics</u>: Samples for chlorophyll and phytoplanktons were collected using clean plastic bucket and Niskin water samples. The samples for chlorophyll were immediately preserved with ice and kept in ice box till further analysis whereas the phytoplankton samples were fixed with Lugol's iodine and few drops of 3% buffered formaldehyde solutions, while for zooplankton oblique hauls were made at water surface using Heron Tranter net (mesh size 0.20 mm, mouth area 0.05 m²) attached with calibrated flow meter (General Oceanic). The samples were preserved in 5% buffered formaldehyde solutions. Samples for macrobenthos were collected using Van-Veen type of grab covering an area of 0.1 m² and sieving through 500 μm mesh size. The samples were preserved with 5% formaldehyde Rose Bengal solutions.





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1.5 Team Members

The marine Ecological Monitoring work presented in this report is done by M/s. UniStar Environment and Research Labs Pvt. Ltd. With active co-operation from M/s. Petronet LNG Ltd. for this Marine Ecological Sampling and Analysis UERL team members are as follows.

> Sampling team members:

- 1. Dr. Sushant Vilas Sanaye (Marine Scientist)
- 2. Mr. Pravin Singh (Environmental Engineer)
- 3. Mr. Vijay Thanki (Environmental Chemist)

> Laboratory members

- 1. Dr. Sushant Vilas Sanaye (Marine Scientist)
- 2. Ms. Ayushi Rathod (Sr. Microbiologist)
- 3. Mr. Nilesh Patel (Sr. Chemist)





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* WATER QUALITY

2.1 Marine Water quality:

Seawater samples have been collected during June 2025.

2.2 Physico chemical Water analysis result:

All the water sampled, which is collected by the sampling team is brought to the lab for Physico chemical analysis. The marine water quality at different collected stations are measured during this investigation is presented in Table No.2.1 and its method of analysis is present in Table No.2.0

Table: 2.0 Methodology of Physico chemical Water Analysis

| Sr.No. | Parameters | Test Method | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | pH @ 25 °C | IS 3025 (Part 11)1983 | | | | |
| 2 | Temperature (°C) | IS 3025 (Part 9)1984 | | | | |
| 3 | Turbidity | IS 3025 (Part 10)1984 | | | | |
| 4 | Total Suspended Solids | IS 3025 (Part -17) | | | | |
| | CHEMICAL Q | UALITY | | | | |
| 1 | Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) | IS 3025 (Part 44)1993 | | | | |
| 2 | Oil & Grease | IS 3025 (Part 39) 2021 | | | | |
| 3 | Ammonical Nitrogen | IS 3025 (Part-34) | | | | |
| 4 | Salinity | By Calculation | | | | |
| 5 | Dissolved Oxygen | IS 3025 (Part -38) | | | | |
| 6 | Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃ | IS 3025 (Part 23)1986 | | | | |
| 7 | Phosphate | APHA 24 th Edition: 4500- P D | | | | |
| 8 | Nitrate | APHA 24 th Edition: 4500- NO ₃ B | | | | |
| 9 | Nickel as Ni | IS 3025 (Part-54) | | | | |
| 10 | Calcium Carbonate | APHA 24 th Edition: 3500-Ca B | | | | |
| 11 | Petroleum Hydrocarbon (PHc) | GC Method | | | | |
| MICROBIOLOGY QUALITY | | | | | | |
| 1 | Total Coliform | APHA 24th Edition: 9222-B | | | | |
| | | | | | | |





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Table: 2.1 Physico chemical Water Analysis Result

| G N | Sr.No. Parameters | Unit | Station 1 | | | Station 2 | | |
|----------------------|--|---------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Sr.No. | | | Surface | Middle | Bottom | Surface | Middle | Bottom |
| | | | PH | YSICAL QUA | ALITY | | | |
| 1. | pH @ 25 °C | | 8.20 | 8.10 | 8.10 | 8.11 | 7.98 | 7.94 |
| 2. | Temperature | (0C) | 30 | 29.5 | 28.8 | 29.5 | 29.2 | 28.7 |
| 3. | Turbidity | NTU | 5 | 5 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 1 |
| 4. | Total Suspended Solids | (mg/l) | 238 | 198 | 162 | 231 | 211 | 178 |
| | | | CHI | EMICAL QUA | ALITY | | | |
| 1. | Biochemical Oxygen Demand | mg/L | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.5 |
| 2. | Oil & Grease | mg/L | BDL (MDL:5.0) | BDL (MDL:5.0) | BDL (MDL:5.0) | BDL (MDL:5.0) | BDL (MDL:5.0) | BDL (MDL:5.0) |
| 3. | Ammonical Nitrogen | mg/L | BDL (MDL:2.0) | BDL (MDL:2.0) | BDL (MDL:2.0) | BDL (MDL:2.0) | BDL (MDL:2.0) | BDL (MDL:2.0) |
| 4. | Salinity | ppt | 33.9 | 32.4 | 31.2 | 33.4 | 35.7 | 34.3 |
| 5. | Dissolved Oxygen | mg/L | 6.7 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.3 |
| 6. | Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃ | mg/L | 164.0 | 158.9 | 148.6 | 143.5 | 138.4 | 148.6 |
| 7. | Phosphate | mg/L | 0.24 | 0.26 | 0.22 | 0.28 | 0.30 | 0.33 |
| 8 | Nitrate | mg/L | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| 9 | Nickel as Ni | Mg/L | BDL | BDL | BDL | BDL | BDL | BDL |
| 10 | Calcium Carbonate | mg/L | 717.8 | 688.7 | 737.2 | 911.8 | 921.5 | 902.1 |
| 11 | Petroleum Hydrocarbon (PHc) | ppb | N.D. | N.D. | N.D. | N.D. | N.D. | N.D. |
| MICROBIOLOGY QUALITY | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Total Coliform | CFU/ 100ml | 28 | Absent | Absent | 21 | Absent | Absent |

Note: MDL = Minimum Detection Limit (MDL: 0.01) and N.D. = Not detectable





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Table: 2.2 Physico chemical Water Analysis Result

| G N | D | TT '4 | | Station 3 | | | Station 4 | | | | | |
|------------------|--|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Sr.No. | Parameters | Unit | Surface | Middle | Bottom | Surface | Middle | Bottom | | | | |
| | | | PH | IYSICAL QU | ALITY | | | | | | | |
| 1. | рН @ 25 °C | | 8.10 | 7.97 | 7.94 | 8.16 | 7.95 | 7.94 | | | | |
| 2. | Temperature | (0C) | 29.4 | 28.8 | 28.4 | 29.3 | 28.9 | 28.8 | | | | |
| 3. | Turbidity | NTU | 5 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 1 | | | | |
| 4. | Total Suspended Solids | (mg/l) | 228 | 216 | 182 | 238 | 234 | 187 | | | | |
| CHEMICAL QUALITY | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Biochemical Oxygen Demand | mg/L | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 1.9 | | | | |
| 2. | Oil & Grease | mg/L | BDL (MDL:5.0) | BDL (MDL:5.0) | BDL (MDL:5.0) | BDL (MDL:5.0) | BDL (MDL:5.0) | BDL (MDL:5.0) | | | | |
| 3. | Ammonical Nitrogen | mg/L | BDL (MDL:2.0) | BDL (MDL:2.0) | BDL (MDL:2.0) | BDL (MDL:2.0) | BDL (MDL:2.0) | BDL (MDL:2.0) | | | | |
| 4. | Salinity | ppt | 34.8 | 33.0 | 38.8 | 31.8 | 32.4 | 30.3 | | | | |
| 5. | Dissolved Oxygen | mg/L | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 6.0 | | | | |
| 6. | Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃ | mg/L | 138.4 | 143.5 | 143.5 | 143.5 | 153.7 | 153.7 | | | | |
| 7. | Phosphate | mg/L | 0.38 | 0.35 | 0.41 | 0.36 | 0.31 | 0.33 | | | | |
| 8 | Nitrate | mg/L | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.8 | | | | |
| 9 | Nickel as Ni | Mg/L | BDL | BDL | BDL | BDL | BDL | BDL | | | | |
| 10 | Calcium Carbonate | mg/L | 921.5 | 950.6 | 911.8 | 640.2 | 659.6 | 805.1 | | | | |
| 11 | Petroleum Hydrocarbon (PHc) | ppb | N.D. | N.D. | N.D. | N.D. | N.D. | N.D. | | | | |
| | | | MICR | OBIOLOGY | QUALITY | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Total Coliform | CFU/ 100ml | 18 | Absent | Absent | 12 | Absent | Absent | | | | |

Note: MDL = Minimum Detection Limit (MDL: 0.01) and N.D. = Not detectable





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❖ BIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS (BIODIVERSITY STUDIES):

Marine ecosystems are subject to a multitude of direct human pressures, such as overexploitation, eutrophication, pollution, and species introductions. These stressors can have synergistic effects on marine ecosystems, altering their functioning. Anthropogenic involvements constantly compromise the health of the marine ecosystem by disturbing the ecological balance. Hence the assessment of the biotic components along with abiotic factors is an integral part of environmental assessment and monitoring study. During the present investigation at Petronet LNG, Dahej, the abundance and distribution of marine organisms (Plankton and benthos) were studied as part of routine environmental monitoring.

3.1 Planktonic Forms:

The name plankton is derived from the Greek word "planktons", meaning "wanderer" or "drifter". While some forms of plankton are capable of independent movement and can swim up to several hundred meters in a single day, their position is primarily determined by currents and light in the body of water they inhabit. As per definition, organisms classified as "plankton" are unable to resist ocean currents. Plankton is primarily divided into two broad functional groups i.e., Phytoplankton and Zooplankton.

3.1.1 Phytoplankton

Phytoplankton are microscopic, single-celled photosynthetic organisms that live suspended in all water niches, including oceans, freshwater, and marine niches. Like the terrestrial ecosystem where plants are an integral part of the ecosystem, phytoplankton play key role in the biogeochemistry of the oceans. As they are dependent on sunlight for energy, they mostly inhabit the euphotic zone. Therefore, they are responsible for the production of half of the atmosphere's oxygen and more than half of the primary production in the oceans. There are many species of phytoplankton, each of which has a characteristic shape, size, and function. Marine species of phytoplankton grow abundantly in oceans around the world and are the foundation of the marine food chain. Marine phytoplankton are the producing (autotrophic) component in the ocean. There are fourteen classes of phytoplankton. Each class of phytoplankton contains unique attributes in size, cell structure, nutrients, and function.

3.1.2 Zooplankton:

Zooplankton occupies second position in the food web of the marine niche. They are the primary consumer's organisms and generally feed on phytoplankton or small, microscopic group of organisms for they are nutritional needs. They are incapable of making their own food from sun-light or inorganic compounds, and feed on organisms or the remains of other organisms to get the energy necessary for survival.





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• SIGNIFICANCE OF PHYTO- AND ZOOPLANKTONS

Phytoplankton are vital to marine ecosystems. They are producers, or autotrophs, that form the foundation of most marine food webs. As photosynthetic organisms, they can convert solar energy into chemical energy and store it in form of sugars. They are responsible for half of the photosynthetic activity on the planet. The significance of zooplanktons is found in their role of transferring biological production from phytoplankton to large organisms in the marine food web and the seafloor. The microscopic protozoan, tunicates, copepods, and other crustaceans graze upon many phytoplankton species. These in turn become food for other animals further linking the food web. Therefore, variability in reproduction of copepods would affect the survival of young fish that feeds on them.

Table 3: Test methods for phytoplankton, Zooplankton, Chlorophyll a and Pheophytin, Macro benthos analysis

| Sr. | Test performed | Method | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Phytoplankton | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Chlorophyll <i>a</i> and Pheophytin | APHA, Edition 24th, Part 10000, 10200 H (with some modification) | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Zooplankton | APHA, Edition 24th, Part 10000, 10200 G | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Macro benthos | APHA, Edition 24th, Part 10000,10500 A-10500 D | | | | | | | | |

3.2 ZOOPLANKTON DIVERSITY

Zooplankton includes arrays of organisms, varying in size from the microscopic protozoans of a few microns to some jellyfish-like organisms with tentacles several meters long. By virtue of sheer abundance and intermediate role between phytoplankton and fish, zooplankton is considered as the chief index of the utilization of aquatic biotopes at the second trophic level.

Zooplankton standing stock in terms of population and biomass revealed substantial variation within all Subtidal (4 stations) and inter-tidal (4 stations) stations (Table 4 and Table 5) in the study area of Petronet LNG jetty, Dahej during June 2025. In the sub-tidal area, the maximum zooplankton population density (17590 nos./100 m³) and biomass (3.99 ml/ 100 m³) was recorded at Station 4 during high tide level and minimum zooplankton population density (10000 nos./100 m³) and biomass (3.29 ml/100 m³) were recorded at Station 2 during low tide level (Figure 1). In the inter-tidal area, the maximum zooplankton population density (11948 nos./100 m³) and biomass (3.33 ml/100 m³) were recorded at Station IT-1 and the minimum zooplankton population (10021 nos./100 m³) and biomass (3.36 ml/100 m³) were recorded at Station IT-3 (Figure 2). A total of 13 groups of zooplankton including





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Copepods, Copepod nauplii, crab larvae, Chaetognaths, Lucifers, Decapod larvae, fish and shellfish eggs, fish larvae, gastropod larvae, Polychaetae larvae, Siphonophora, Ostracods and Oikopleura were identified during this study (Table 4 and 5). Among these identified groups Copepods (76.27%) and Copepod nauplii (12.26%) were most dominant (Figure 3). Crab larvae (2.74%), Chaetognaths (2.12%) and fish and shell fish eggs (2.25%) were also the dominant groups in the zooplankton population (Figure 3). As well as Lucifers, Decapods (shrimps), polychaetae larvae also were another observed group during the present study. During the zooplankton sample collection, biomass of collected zooplankton was high due to the occurrence of fish larvae and decapod shrimps in the samples.

Table 4: Population (nos./100 m³) and biomass (ml/100 m³) of various zooplankton groups in the subtidal area at the Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.

| 7 1 1 | | High Ti | de level | | | Low Ti | de level | |
|--------------------------|-------|---------|----------|-------|-------|--------|----------|-------|
| Zooplankton Groups | St-1 | St-2 | St-3 | St-4 | St-1 | St-2 | St-3 | St-4 |
| Copepods | 12578 | 11729 | 12046 | 12381 | 9172 | 8987 | 7552 | 9936 |
| Copepod nauplii | 2552 | 2264 | 2467 | 2972 | 1403 | 1080 | 1217 | 1305 |
| Crab larvae | 703 | 617 | 419 | 559 | 304 | 394 | 221 | 220 |
| Chaetognaths | 523 | 459 | 306 | 431 | 231 | 277 | 194 | 236 |
| Lucifers | 180 | 127 | 145 | 96 | 101 | 146 | 97 | 94 |
| Decapod (shrimps) | 131 | 95 | 177 | 256 | 174 | 102 | 152 | 126 |
| Fish and shell fish eggs | 343 | 364 | 435 | 383 | 275 | 219 | 263 | 189 |
| Fish larvae | 33 | 47 | 48 | 64 | 29 | 29 | 0 | 16 |
| Gastropod larvae | 49 | 63 | 65 | 144 | 72 | 58 | 69 | 63 |
| Polychaete larvae | 65 | 32 | 97 | 80 | 58 | 73 | 55 | 31 |
| Siphonophora | 49 | 79 | 48 | 96 | 87 | 44 | 55 | 47 |
| Ostracods | 16 | 16 | 32 | 48 | 72 | 29 | 69 | 31 |
| Oikopleura | 98 | 47 | 48 | 80 | 87 | 44 | 55 | 31 |
| Population (nos./100 m³) | 17322 | 15940 | 16335 | 17590 | 12065 | 11482 | 10000 | 12326 |
| Biomass (ml/100 m³) | 3.68 | 3.17 | 2.42 | 3.99 | 3.16 | 3.28 | 3.29 | 3.44 |





Table 5: Population (nos./100 m³) and biomass (ml/100 m³) of various zooplankton groups in the intertidal area at the Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.

| 711 | | Inter tida | l stations | |
|--------------------------|-------|------------|------------|-------|
| Zooplankton Groups | IT-1 | IT-2 | IT-3 | IT-4 |
| Copepods | 9409 | 8299 | 7977 | 9447 |
| Copepod nauplii | 1322 | 1001 | 830 | 963 |
| Crab larvae | 228 | 177 | 277 | 207 |
| Chaetognaths | 198 | 162 | 169 | 163 |
| Lucifers | 137 | 74 | 108 | 89 |
| Decapod (shrimps) | 137 | 88 | 138 | 118 |
| Fish and shell fish eggs | 243 | 309 | 246 | 252 |
| Fish larvae | 30 | 15 | 46 | 44 |
| Gastropod larvae | 46 | 44 | 46 | 44 |
| Polychaete larvae | 61 | 44 | 61 | 30 |
| Siphonophora | 61 | 29 | 46 | 44 |
| Ostracods | 46 | 59 | 31 | 44 |
| Oikopleura | 30 | 44 | 46 | 59 |
| Population (nos./100 m³) | 11948 | 10344 | 10021 | 11506 |
| Biomass (ml/100 m³) | 3.33 | 2.94 | 3.36 | 3.70 |

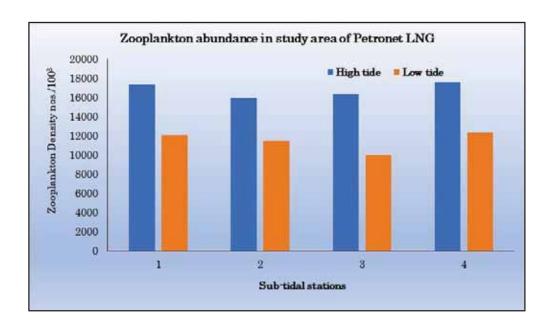


Figure 1: Zooplankton population (nos./100 m³) recorded in the sub-tidal waters along the Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.





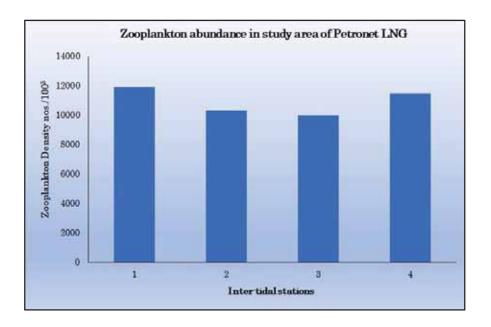


Figure 2: Zooplankton population (nos./100 m³) recorded in the inter-tidal waters along the Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.

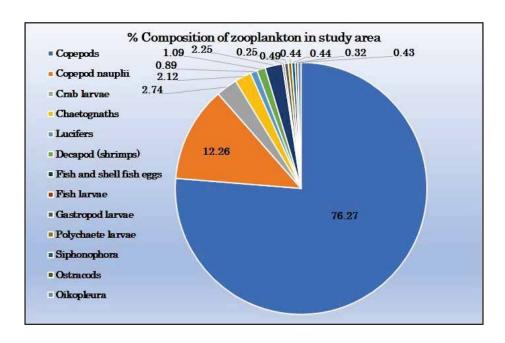
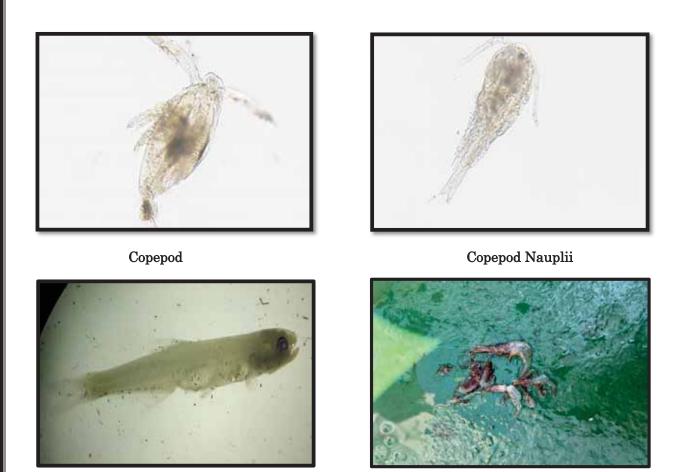


Figure 3: Dominant groups of Zooplankton reported from study area of Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.





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Fish larvae Decapod shrimps

Figure 4: Microphotographs of zooplanktons reported in the coastal waters of Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025

3.3 MACRO-BENTHIC FAUNA

The benthic zone is the lowest ecological zone of a water body, which usually involves the sediments on the seafloor. The number of phyla and species of benthic animals exceeds those of pelagic species, at least partly because of the greater physical variety of benthic habitats. Benthic animals are separated into in faunal and epifaunal species, depending upon whether they live within sediments or on the surface of the seafloor, respectively. Size categories of the zoobenthos consist of the larger macrofauna (>1.0 mm), the small meiofauna which is characteristically found in sand and mud, and the microfauna which is made up mostly of protozoans.

Benthic organisms are morphologically different from those planktonic organisms. Many are adapted to live on the substrate (bottom). In benthic habitats, they can be considered dominant creatures.





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These organisms adapted to deep-water pressure so cannot survive in the upper parts of the water column. Since light does not penetrate very deep ocean water, the benthic organisms often depend on the organic matter falling from the upper water column as their main energy source. This dead and decaying matter sustains the benthic food chain. The most benthic organisms are scavengers or detritivores. These organisms under being relatively stationary, are constantly exposed to changes undergoing in overlying water, and hence, respond very well to aquatic pollution. The macro benthos population is very sensitive to environmental perturbation and is highly influenced by the physicochemical characteristics of water, the nature of the substratum, food, predation, and other factors. The density of benthic invertebrates also fluctuates widely with the changes in the season.

• Significance of macrobenthic organisms

The biomass of macrobenthic organisms in estuaries and coastal embayment is often high. Burrowing and tube-building by deposit-feeding benthic organisms (bioturbations) help to mix the sediment and enhance the decomposition of organic matter. Nitrification and denitrification are also enhanced because a range of oxygenated and anoxic micro-habitats are created. Macro fauna is also important constituents of fish diets and thus are an important link for transferring energy and nutrients between trophic levels, also driving pelagic fish and crustacean production. For these reasons, the benthic organisms are extremely important indicators of environmental change.

3.4 BENTHIC DIVERSITY

3.4.1 Subtidal region:

During the present study, macrobenthos abundance and biomass were recorded at sub-tidal stations during high and low tide levels at Petronet LNG, Dahej (Table 6). The macrobenthos density ranged from 380 nos./m² to 430 nos./m² at sampling stations (Table 6; Figure 5) and comprising of 4 different groups (Mollusks, Sipuncula, Annelids and Foraminifera). The biomass of the macrobenthic community in the study region ranged from 1.65 g/m² to 1.78 g/m². The maximum abundance of benthic microorganisms was reported at Station 1 (430 nos./m²) during high tide levels and mainly contributed by the dominance of polychaete worms. The highest biomass of macrobenthic species was observed at Station 1 (1.78 g/ m²) during high tide levels with the dominance of Polychaetas. The least density (380 no/m²) and biomass (1.65 g/m²) was observed at Station 2 during low tide level. In species composition, Retaria is the first largest group observed at all the stations during the present study whereas Annelida is the second largest comprises Polychaete species (Phylum Annelida) belonging to the family Paraonidae, Pilargidae, Capitillidae, Cossuridae, Spionidae, Nereidae, Eunicidae, were abundant. Secondly, bivalve & gastropod molluscs and sipunculids were present at all the sampled stations.





Table 6: Faunal composition, density (nos./m²) and biomass (g/m²) of the macrobenthos community in the sub-tidal region at Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.

| Double Francis Comme | | High tio | de Level | | | Low tid | le Level | | |
|-------------------------|------|----------|----------|-------|-------|---------|----------|-------|--|
| Benthos Faunal Groups | St-1 | St- 2 | St- 3 | St- 4 | St- 1 | St- 2 | St- 3 | St- 4 | |
| Phylum Mollusca | | | | | | | | | |
| Bivalves and gastropods | 20 | 20 | 10 | 20 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 30 | |
| Phylum Sipuncula | | | | | | | | | |
| Sipunculids | 20 | 20 | 10 | 10 | 20 | 20 | 30 | 10 | |
| Nemertine | 20 | 30 | 20 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 20 | 20 | |
| Phylum Annelida | | | | | | | | | |
| Polychaetes | 190 | 180 | 140 | 150 | 160 | 150 | 160 | 140 | |
| Phylum Retaria | | | | | | | | | |
| Foraminifera | 180 | 170 | 210 | 190 | 180 | 150 | 160 | 190 | |
| Density (nos./ m²) | 430 | 420 | 390 | 380 | 420 | 380 | 390 | 390 | |
| Biomass (gm/m²) | 1.78 | 1.69 | 1.68 | 1.68 | 1.69 | 1.65 | 1.68 | 1.70 | |

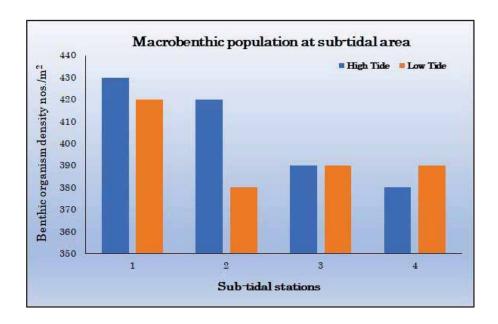


Figure 5: Subtidal macrobenthos abundance (nos./m²) during high tide and low tide at different sampling stations at Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.





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3.4.2 Intertidal region:

The muddy and sandy substratum with moderate organic matter supports the occurrence of the microbenthic community in the intertidal region. The macrobenthos biomass was measured in between 430 g/m² to 480 g/m² in the intertidal region at the Petronet LNG, Dahej (Table 7). The lowest density and biomass of macrobenthic organisms were reported at station IT-2 (430 nos./m² and 1.72 g/m², respectively), whereas the highest density was reported at Station IT-1 (480 nos./m² and 2.20 g/m², respectively) (Table 7 and Figure 6). In the inter-tidal area, Foraminifera (40.48%) and Polychaete (39.39%) species were contributed to the total macrobenthic abundance at these stations followed by bivalves and gastropods (7.66%). Some photographs of benthic fauna are shown in Figure 8.

Table 7: Faunal composition, density (nos./m²) and biomass (g/m²) of the macrobenthos community in the inter-tidal region at Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.

| Ponthog Found Chauses | | Inter-tidal | stations | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|-------------|----------|-------|--|--|--|
| Benthos Faunal Groups | IT-1 | IT- 2 | IT- 3 | IT- 4 | | | |
| Phylum Mollusca | | | | | | | |
| Bivalves and gastropods | 30 | 40 | 40 | 30 | | | |
| Phylum Sipuncula | | | | | | | |
| Sipunculids | 10 | 10 | 0 | 20 | | | |
| Nemertine | 20 | 10 | 10 | 20 | | | |
| Phylum Annelida | | | | | | | |
| Polychaetes | 190 | 180 | 160 | 190 | | | |
| Phylum Arthropoda | | | | | | | |
| Decapod larvae (crab) | 40 | 30 | 30 | 30 | | | |
| Phylum Retaria | | | | | | | |
| Foraminifera | 190 | 160 | 210 | 180 | | | |
| Density (nos./ m²) | 480 | 430 | 450 | 470 | | | |
| Biomass (gm/m²) | 2.2 | 1.72 | 1.81 | 1.9 | | | |





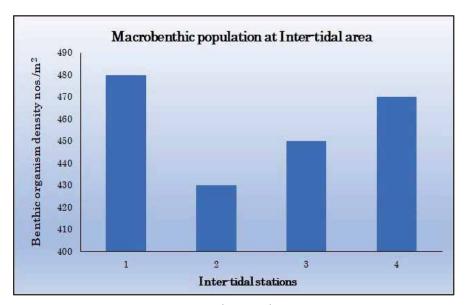


Figure 6: Inter-tidal macro benthos abundance (nos./m²) at different sampling stations at Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.

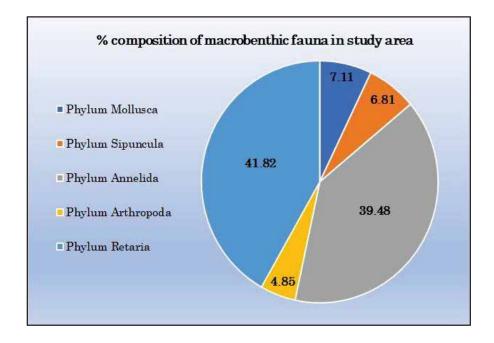


Figure 7: Percent composition of Subtidal benthic taxa from the marine waters of Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025





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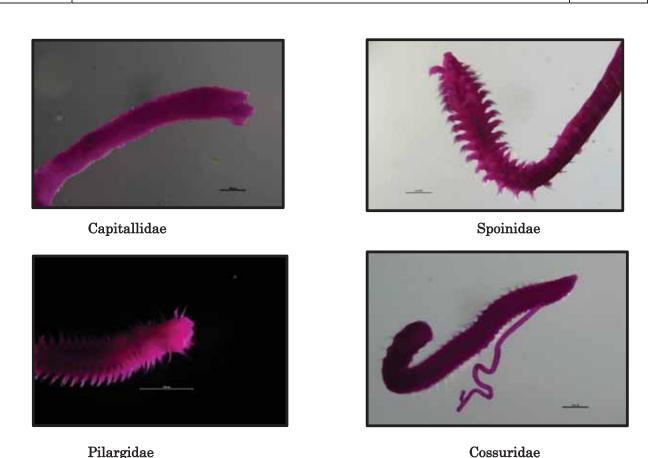


Figure 8: Microphotographs of microbenthic organisms observed in the sediment samples collected in the vicinity of Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025

3.5 AVIFAUNAL DIVERSITY

Due to their importance in the ecosystem for various roles such as scavengers, pollinators for crops, seeds dispersal agents and also predators of insect pests, the avifaunal diversity study of a given region is a major indicator to evaluate habitats both qualitatively and quantitatively. Due to anthropogenic activities along with climate changes, the global diversity of birds is rapidly decreasing. IUCN Red List of endangered birds has already recognized 1226 bird species as threatened globally and whereas, 88 bird species are found in India.

Coastal and estuarine waters are always been important habitats for many bird species, including many migratory birds. Mudflats and sandy beaches are important feeding grounds for coastal birds and nearby mangrove forests and land trees provide shelter and breeding habitats. During the present study, an overview of the avifaunal diversity present in the study area has been taken. Due to the restricted approach to mudflats and shores directly for security reasons, only available bird species are listed in Table 8.





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Table 8: List of bird species observed in the study area.

| Sr. No. | Scientific name | Common name | IUCN category |
|---------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. | Actitis hypoleucos | Common sandpiper | Least concern (LC) |
| 2. | Ardeola grayii | Indian pond Heron | Least concern (LC) |
| 3. | Bubulcus ibis | Cattle egret | Least concern (LC) |
| 4. | Casmerodius albus | Great egret | Least concern (LC) |
| 5. | Columba livia | Rock dove | Least concern (LC) |
| 6. | Charadrius leschenaultii | Sand plover | Least concern (LC) |
| 7. | Egretta gularis | Western reef egret | Least concern (LC) |
| 8. | Larus heuglini | Heuglin's gull | Least concern (LC) |
| 9. | Milvus migrans | Black kite | Least concern (LC) |
| 10. | Vanellus indicus | Red-wattled Lapwing | Least concern (LC) |
| 11. | Psittacula sp. | Indian parakeet | Least concern (LC) |
| 12. | Aerodramus sp. | Indian swiftlet | Least concern (LC) |

Most of the bird species were observed foraging in the inter-tidal mud flats during low tide. Rock doves and Indian parakeets were observed to make nests in jetties and building structures. All the avifaunal species found in the study area are common in appearance and in the least concern (LC) category of the IUCN red list of threatened species.

3.6 MANGROVES

Mangroves are a very specialised group of plants found only in the transitional zone between land and the sea. The mangrove species are adapted to the salty water, less oxygen in sediments as well as daily tidal variation. The mangrove species developed a special kind of roots called 'Pneumatophores' which enables them for intake of air for plants in the water-filled muddy soil. These breathing roots help mangrove trees to absorb oxygen from air and therefore thrive them into oxygen less muddy soil.

Mangrove plants generate a variety of natural resources and ecosystem services that are vital to subsistence economies and sustain local and national economies. During many natural calamities like cyclones, storm surges, heavy flooding and tsunamis they act as barriers and protect the land from erosion and reduce the effect on living resources. The value of mangroves as a carbon sink (absorb 4-5% more CO₂ than terrestrial trees) and the efficiency with which they can remove carbon from the atmosphere put them center stage in the context of increasing global concerns about climate change and sea level rise. They also maintain the stability of the shoreline and prevent the release of toxic





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wastes into the coastal waters. The mangrove ecosystem is also a rich of nutrients in the coastal waters. The falling leaves from the mangrove area become the primary source of a food chain, which goes on to feed microorganisms, larvae and the adults of many invertebrates and fishes. These roots also harbor the number of fish species which use this area as their breeding grounds. It is estimated that over 70% of commercially important fishes depend on mangroves for their nutrient cycle and nursery breeding. This fish reach habitat attracts the number of birds and animals in the area thus making the mangroves a biodiversity reach habitat.

During the present study, scattered patches of mangroves mainly *Avicennia* species were found towards the northwest side of Petronet LNG jetties. All observed patches are shrub type and may be because of the high tidal amplitude in the Gulf of Khambhat and absence of adequate muddy habitat.

3.7 PHYTOPLANKTON DIVERSITY:

The phytoplankton are vast array of minute and microscopic plants passively drifting in natural waters and mostly confined to the illuminated zone. In an ecosystem these organisms constitute primary producers forming the first link in the food chain. The phytoplankton have long been used as indicators of water quality. Some species flourish in highly eutrophic waters, while others are very sensitive to organic and/or chemical wastes. Because of their short life cycles, plankton responds quickly to environmental changes. Hence, their standing crop in terms of biomass, cell counts and species composition are more likely to indicate the quality of the water mass in which they are found. Phytoplankton composition also varies considerably. Thus, a very few species may be overwhelmingly common during blooms, while a large number of species may occur without clear dominance under normal conditions.

Phytoplankton sampling was carried out at 4 stations from three levels i.e., Surface, Middle and Bottom at HTL (High Tide Level), LTL (Low Tide Level) and IT (Intertidal zone). During the sampling period (June 2025) the phytoplankton population in the coastal waters of Petronet LNG, Dahej was diverse and represented with a total of 37 phytoplankton genera (Table 9) belonging to diatoms (31 genera) and dinoflagellates (6 genera). Diatoms Species belonged to Amphora sp., Amphorprora sp., Asterionella sp., Bacillaria sp., Chaetoceros sp. Corethron sp., Coscinodiscus sp., Cyclotella sp., Cylindrotheca sp., Cymbella sp., Diploneis sp., Ditylum sp., Guinardia sp., Gyrosigma sp., Lauderia sp., Leptocylindrus sp., Licmophora sp., Lithodesmium sp., Navicula sp., Nitzschia sp., Odontella sp., Paralia sp., Pinnularia sp., Pleurosigma sp., Pseudo-nitzschia sp., Rhizosolenia sp., Streptotheca sp. Synedra sp., Thalassiosira sp., Thalassionema sp. and Thalassiothrix sp.





| The phytoplankton abundance in the study region was ranged from 76 to 198 cells×10 ² /L (Table 9, |
|--|
| Figure 9) at HTL. The highest phytoplankton abundance was observed at Station 4 in the surface (198) |
| $nos. \times 10^2/L)$ and lowest at Station 2 in bottom water (76 $nos. \times 10^2/L)$). The phytoplankton abundance |
| was ranged from 77 to 165 nos. $\times 10^2/L$ (Table 9, Figure 9) at LTL. The highest phytoplankton |
| abundance at LTL was (165 nos. \times 10 2 /L) was observed at Station 4 in surface water and lowest was at |
| station 2 bottom water (77 nos.× 10^2 /L). The phytoplankton abundance was ranged from 124 to 132 |
| $nos. \times 10^2/L$ (Table 9, Figure 9) at Intertidal zone. The highest phytoplankton abundance at IT was (132) at Intertidal zone. |
| nos.×10 2 /L) was observed at Station 1 and lowest was at station 2 (124 nos.×10 2 / L). The study shows |
| that the marine water around was enriched with the diverse phytoplankton population. |





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Table 9: Phytoplankton abundance (cells×10²/L) at different sampling stations during High Tide Level (HTL) in the coastal waters of Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.

Note: S=surface; M= Middle; B=bottom; HTL= High Tide Level; St=station

| Sampling Stations (HTL) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|------|----|----------|------|-----|-----|------|----|--------|------|--|
| Phytoplankton Genera | | St-1 | | | St-2 | | | St-3 | | | St-4 | |
| | S | M | В | В | M | В | S | M | В | S | M | В |
| Diatoms | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Amphora sp. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Amphorprora sp. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 1 |
| Asterionella sp. | 6 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 5 | 3 |
| Bacillaria sp. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Chaetoceros sp. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Corethron sp. | 42 | 31 | 21 | 31 | 25 | 23 | 33 | 20 | 18 | 45 | 29 | 28 |
| Coscinodiscus sp. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | |
| Cyclotella sp. | | | | } | | - | | | | 1 | | 1 |
| Cylindrotheca sp. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Cymbella sp. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Diploneis sp. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Ditylum sp. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| Guinardia sp. | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| <i>Gyrosigma</i> sp. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Lauderia sp. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Leptocylindrus sp. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| <i>Licmophora</i> sp. | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Lithodesmium sp. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Navicula spp. | 12 | 9 | 7 | 9 | 6 | 6 | 19 | 14 | 14 | 21 | 18 | 15 |
| Nitzschia spp. | 15 | 12 | 10 | 13 | 12 | 10 | 18 | 16 | 11 | 16 | 11 | 8 |
| Odontella sp. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Paralia sp. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Pinnularia sp. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Pleurosigma spp | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Pseudo-nitzschia sp. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Rhizosolenia sp. | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 12 | 11 | 9 | 11 | 9 | 7 |
| Synedra sp. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| • | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Streptotheca sp. | 7 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 9 | 6 | 4 | 23 | 17 | 14 |
| Thalassionema sp. | 2 | - | | 3 | 3 | - | | 2 | - | 1 | 0 | |
| Thalassiosira sp. | | 1 | 0 | † | | 2 | 1 | - | 0 | - | | 0 |
| Thalassiothrix sp. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dinoflagellates | 0 | 1 4 | 0 | l 0 | ١ ٥ | ١ ٥ | - | 1 4 | 0 | - | 4 | 9 |
| Ceratium sp. Gymnodinium sp. | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 5 2 | 1 | 3 | 5 3 | 3 | 3 2 |
| Prorocentrum sp. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Protoperidinium sp. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 5 | 5 |
| Pyrophacus sp. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Scrippsiella sp. Total Phytoplankton | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| (nos. x 10 ² /L) | 158 | 107 | 80 | 117 | 91 | 76 | 167 | 119 | 85 | 198 | 142 | 108 |





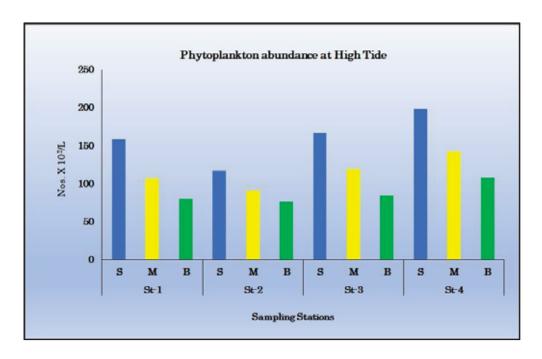


Figure 9: High Tidal Level (HTL) phytoplankton abundance (nos. x10²/L) at different sampling stations at Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025





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Table 10: Phytoplankton abundance (cells×10²/L) at different sampling stations during Low Tide Level (LTL) in the coastal waters of Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.

Note: S=surface; M= Middle; B=bottom; LTL= Low Tide Level; St=station

| | | | | | Samp | oling St | ations (| HTL) | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------|------|----------|--------|------|----------|----------|------|----|-----|------|-------|
| Phytoplankton Genera | | St-1 | | | St-2 | | | St-3 | | | St-4 | |
| | S | M | В | В | M | В | S | M | В | S | M | В |
| Diatoms | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Amphora sp. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Amphorprora sp. | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Asterionella sp. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Bacillaria sp. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Chaetoceros sp. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Corethron sp. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Coscinodiscus sp. | 31 | 29 | 26 | 25 | 21 | 17 | 34 | 23 | 21 | 32 | 27 | 19 |
| Cyclotella sp. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Cylindrotheca sp. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Cymbella sp. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Diploneis sp. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Ditylum sp. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | |
| Guinardia sp. | | | | - | - | | | | | 2 | | 1 |
| Gyrosigma sp. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 |
| Lauderia sp. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Leptocylindrus sp. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Licmophora sp. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Lithodesmium sp. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Navicula spp. | 21 | 19 | 14 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 16 | 15 | 13 | 21 | 19 | 18 |
| Nitzschia spp. | 11 | 9 | 8 | 14 | 11 | 9 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 13 | 11 | 8 |
| <i>Odontella</i> sp. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| Paralia sp. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| <i>Pinnularia</i> sp. | 2 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Pleurosigma spp | 5 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Pseudo-nitzschia sp. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Rhizosolenia sp. | 14 | 15 | 9 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 6 |
| Synedra sp. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Streptotheca sp. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Thalassionema sp. | 12 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 14 | 11 | 8 |
| Thalassiosira sp. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Thalassiothrix sp. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Dinoflagellates | | | | • | • | • | • | | | | | |
| Ceratium sp. | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| Gymnodinium sp. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Prorocentrum sp. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Protoperidinium sp. Pyrophacus sp. | 0 | 3 | 2 | 4 1 | 3 | 0 | 5 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Scrippsiella sp. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Total Phytoplankton | 147 | 122 | 87 | 132 | 104 | 77 | 149 | 112 | 86 | 165 | 134 | 97 |
| (nos. x 10 ² /L) | 1771 | 122 | <u> </u> | 102 | 104 | _ '' | 140 | 112 | 00 | 100 | 104 | _ · · |





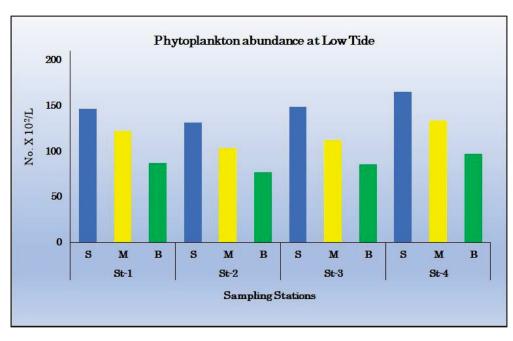


Figure 10: Low Tidal Level (LTL) phytoplankton abundance (no. $x10^2$ / L) at different sampling stations at Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025





Table 11: Phytoplankton abundance (cells $\times 10^2$ /L) at different sampling stations during Intertidal zone of Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.

| Di andre Comm | | Sampling s | stations | |
|---|-----|------------|----------|-----|
| Phytoplankton Genera | IT1 | IT2 | IT3 | IT4 |
| Diatoms | | | | |
| Amphora sp. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Amphorprora sp. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Asterionella sp. | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Bacillaria sp. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Chaetoceros sp. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Corethron sp. | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| Coscinodiscus sp. | 24 | 21 | 24 | 20 |
| Cyclotella sp. | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Cylindrotheca sp. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Cymbella sp. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Diploneis sp. | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Ditylum sp. | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Guinardia sp. | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| Gyrosigma sp. | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Lauderia sp. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Leptocylindrus sp. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| Licmophora sp. | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Lithodesmium sp. | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Navicula spp. | 12 | 14 | 11 | 12 |
| Nitzschia spp. | 9 | 7 | 9 | 11 |
| Odontella sp. | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Paralia sp. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Pinnularia sp. | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Pleurosigma spp | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Pseudo-nitzschia sp. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Rhizosolenia sp. | 10 | 11 | 13 | 9 |
| Synedra sp. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Thalassionema sp. | 19 | 17 | 19 | 16 |
| Thalassiosira sp. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Thalassiothrix sp. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Dinoflagellates | | • | | • |
| Ceratium sp. | 5 | 4 | 6 | 4 |
| Gymnodinium sp. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Prorocentrum sp. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Protoperidinium sp. | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5 |
| Scrippsiella sp. | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Total Phytoplankton (nos. x 10 ² /L) | 132 | 124 | 128 | 128 |





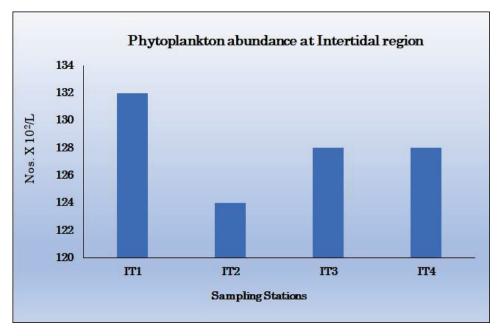


Figure 11: Inter-tidal phytoplankton abundance (no. $x10^2$ / L) at different sampling stations at Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.

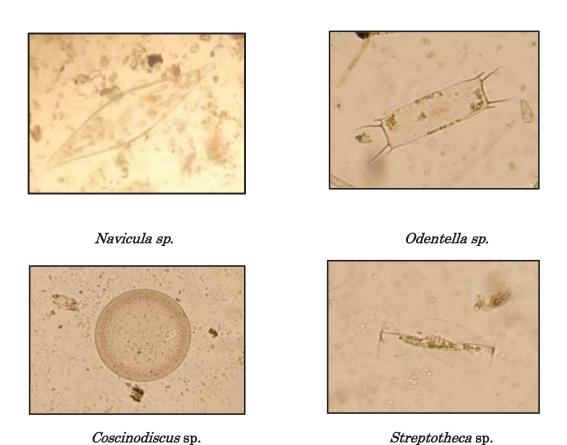


Fig. 12- Microphotographs of phytoplankton reported in the coastal waters of Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025.





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3.8 PHYTOPLANKTON PIGMENTS (CHLOROPHYLL a AND PHEOPHYTIN):

Marine phytoplankton contains essential as well as accessory pigments like that of terrestrial plants. Phytoplankton pigments capture sunlight. The resulting photosynthesis and its products, especially the oxygen and organic compounds, all rely on the light energy captured by the different phytoplankton pigments. Chlorophyll *a* is the major pigment for light harvesting, and plays a significant role in photosynthesis and photoprotection, by extending the light collection window and protecting the cell from the damage of high irradiance levels or high ultraviolet light exposure.

Algal chlorophyll forms a series of degradation products upon degradation. In addition to Chlorophyll the naturally occurring pigments in algal cells. The nature of these degradation products depends on which part of the chlorophyll molecule is affected. As chlorophyll degrades, the initial step is either the loss of the magnesium from the center of the molecule or the loss of the phyto tail. This results in the formation of the molecule, phaeophytin. Depending on the parent molecule several distinct molecules like phaeophytins, chlorophyllides, and pheophorbides can be produced. Thus, in addition to Chlorophyll *a* filtered seawater contains color degradation products of phytoplankton pigments.

3.9 CHLOROPHYLL a AND PHAEOPHYTIN CONCENTRATIONS

The phytoplankton biomass distribution expressed in terms of Chlorophyll *a* (Chl-*a*) and Pheophytin at selected stations in the coastal region of Petronet LNG, Dahej during June 2025. The samples for chlorophyll *a* and pheophytin is analysed for High Tide Level (HTL), Low tide level (LTL) and Intertidal zone (IT). For HTL and LTL samples were collected from surface, middle and bottom and for IT samples collected only form surface water. The Chl-*a* concentrations in the HTL surface water were ranged from 1.43 mg/m³ to 1.75 mg/m³. The Pheophytin content was ranged from 0.75 mg/m³ to 0.85 mg/m³. The Chl-*a* concentrations in the HTL middle water were ranged from 1.38 mg/m³ to 1.68 mg/m³. The Pheophytin content was ranged from 0.75 mg/m³ to 0.82 mg/m³. The Pheophytin content was ranged from 0.72 mg/m³ to 0.80 mg/m³.

The Chl-a concentrations in the LTL surface water were ranged from 1.34 mg/m³ to 1.60 mg/m³. The Pheophytin content was ranged from 0.76 mg/m³ to 0.82 mg/m³. The Chl-a concentrations in the LTL middle water were ranged from 1.32 mg/m³ to 1.57 mg/m³. The Pheophytin content was ranged from 0.72 mg/m³ to 0.82 mg/m³. The Chl-a concentrations in the LTL bottom water were ranged from 1.29 mg/m³ to 1.49 mg/m³. The Pheophytin content was ranged from 0.72 mg/m³ to 0.88 mg/m³.

The Chl-a concentrations in the IT water were ranged from 1.41 mg/m³ to 1.76 mg/m³. The Pheophytin content was ranged from 0.81 mg/m³ to 0.86 mg/m³.





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Table 12: Chlorophyll a, Pheophytin concentrations in the surface marine water of Petronet LNG, Dahej at High Tide level (HTL) and Inert-tidal zone (IT) during June 2025.

| ~ | Parameters | Unit | High Tide Level (HTL) | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|-------|-----------------------|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| Sr. No. | | | | Surface Water | | | | | | | | |
| | | | St.1 | St.2 | St.3 | St.4 | IT1 | IT2 | IT3 | IT4 | | |
| 1. | Chlorophyll a | mg/m³ | 1.43 | 1.75 | 1.44 | 1.47 | 1.42 | 1.76 | 1.41 | 1.45 | | |
| 2 | Pheophytin | mg/m³ | 0.75 | 0.84 | 0.81 | 0.85 | 0.82 | 0.86 | 0.81 | 0.82 | | |

Table 13: Chlorophyll a, Pheophytin concentrations in the middle marine water of Petronet LNG, Dahej at High Tide level (HTL) during June 2025.

| Sr. No. | Parameters | Unit | High Tide Level (HTL) | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|-------|-----------------------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| | | | Middle Water | | | | | | | | |
| | | | St.1 | St.2 | St.3 | St.4 | IT1 | IT2 | IT3 | IT4 | |
| 1. | Chlorophyll a | mg/m³ | 1.38 | 1.68 | 1.39 | 1.45 | 1 | ı | - | - | |
| 2 | Pheophytin | mg/m³ | 0.75 | 0.82 | 0.79 | 0.78 | 1 | ı | - | - | |

Table 14: Chlorophyll a, Pheophytin concentrations in the bottom marine water of Petronet LNG, Dahej at High Tide level (HTL) during June 2025.

| Sr. No. | Parameters | Unit | High Tide Level (HTL) | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|-------|-----------------------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| | | | Bottom Water | | | | | | | | |
| | | | St.1 | St.2 | St.3 | St.4 | IT1 | IT2 | IT3 | IT4 | |
| 1. | Chlorophyll a | mg/m³ | 1.32 | 1.49 | 1.29 | 1.36 | - | - | - | - | |
| 2 | Phaeophytin | mg/m³ | 0.75 | 0.8 | 0.72 | 0.8 | - | - | - | - | |

Table 15: Chlorophyll a, Pheophytin concentrations in the surface marine water of Petronet LNG, Dahej at Low Tide level (LTL) and Inert-tidal zone (IT) during June 2025.

| Sr. No. | Parameters | Unit | Low Tide Level (LTL) | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|-------|----------------------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| | | | Surface Water | | | | | | |
| | | | St.1 | St.2 | St.3 | St.4 | | | |
| 1. | Chlorophyll a | mg/m³ | 1.44 | 1.6 | 1.37 | 1.34 | | | |
| 2 | Pheophytin | mg/m³ | 0.76 | 0.82 | 0.81 | 0.79 | | | |





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Table 16: Chlorophyll a, Pheophytin concentrations in the middle marine water of Petronet LNG, Dahej at Low Tide level (LTL) during June 2025.

| Sr. No. | Parameters | Unit | Low Tide Level (LTL) | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|-------|----------------------|------|------|------|--|--|
| | | | Middle Water | | | | | |
| | | | St.1 | St.2 | St.3 | St.4 | | |
| 1. | Chlorophyll a | mg/m³ | 1.38 | 1.57 | 1.32 | 1.34 | | |
| 2 | Pheophytin | mg/m³ | 0.82 | 0.79 | 0.72 | 0.74 | | |

Table 17: Chlorophyll a, Pheophytin concentrations in the bottom marine water of Petronet LNG, Dahej at Low Tide level (LTL) during June 2025.

| Sr. No. | Parameters | Unit | Low Tide Level (LTL) | | | | | |
|------------|---------------|-------|----------------------|------|------|------|--|--|
| | | | Bottom Water | | | | | |
| | | | St.1 | St.2 | St.3 | St.4 | | |
| 1. | Chlorophyll a | mg/m³ | 1.32 | 1.49 | 1.29 | 1.32 | | |
| 2 | Pheophytin | mg/m³ | 0.72 | 0.88 | 0.78 | 0.86 | | |

3.9 SEAGRASS AND MACRO ALGAE (SEAWEEDS)

During the present study, no occurrence of seagrasses and seaweeds in the inter-tidal area was observed.

4.0 CONCLUSION

4.1 Chemical Analysis of Water Sample

4.1.1 Physical Quality

1. pH (@ 25°C):

Values range from 7.94 to 8.20, indicating slightly alkaline water, which is within acceptable limits for most aquatic ecosystems.

2. Temperature:

Water temperature ranges from 28.4°C to 30.0°C, showing a stable thermal profile across stations and depths.

3. Turbidity:

Turbidity values range from 1 NTU to 10 NTU, indicating generally clear water conditions, with occasional increases near the surface layers.

4. Total Suspended Solids (TSS):

TSS values range from 162 mg/L to 238 mg/L, indicating moderate levels of suspended matter, varying slightly by station and depth.





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4.1.2 Chemical Quality

1. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD):

Values range from 1.5 mg/L to 2.8 mg/L, suggesting low to moderate organic pollution levels.

2. Oil & Grease:

Values are Below Detection Limit (BDL) at all locations, indicating no hydrocarbon contamination.

3. Ammonical Nitrogen:

Consistently Below Detection Limit (BDL) at all stations, showing no significant nitrogenous pollution.

4. Salinity:

Ranges from 30.3 ppt to 38.8 ppt, indicating moderate to high salinity, depending on location and depth.

5. Dissolved Oxygen (DO):

Values range from 6.0 mg/L to 6.7 mg/L, indicating sufficient oxygenation to support aquatic life.

6. Total Alkalinity (as CaCO3):

Ranges from 138.4 mg/L to 164.0 mg/L, reflecting good buffering capacity against pH fluctuations.

7. Phosphate:

Concentrations range from $0.22~\mathrm{mg/L}$ to $0.41~\mathrm{mg/L}$, indicating moderate nutrient presence, within acceptable limits.

8. Nitrate:

Levels range from 0.6 mg/L to 1.0 mg/L, suggesting low nutrient loading in the water.

9. Nickel (as Ni):

Values are Below Detection Limit (BDL) at all stations, confirming absence of heavy metal contamination.

10. Calcium Carbonate:

Levels range from 640.2 mg/L to 950.6 mg/L, suggesting high mineral content in the water.

11. Petroleum Hydrocarbons:

All samples reported Not Detected (ND), indicating no petroleum-based contamination.

4.1.3 Microbiology Quality

1. Total Coliform:

Counts range from Absent to 28 CFU/100 ml, indicating low to minimal faecal contamination, with occasional localized presence.





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3.2 Biological parameters of water samples

- The Chl-a and Pheophytin concentrations were more in the surface water as compared to the bottom water. The variations observed between the surface and bottom waters could be due to several natural biological variability.
- During the sampling period (June 2025) the phytoplankton population in the coastal waters of Petronet LNG, Dahej was diverse and represented with a total of 37 phytoplankton genera (Table 9) belonging to diatoms (31 genera) and dinoflagellates (6 genera).
- In the sub-tidal area, more density and species were reported in the surface water than in middle and bottom waters. This difference could be attributed to the depth of water as surface water are more productive due to more penetration of light which decreases as increase in depth of water.
- The occurrence of copepods and their nauplii together with decapods and fish larvae/eggs in zooplankton samples highlights the fair production potential of live food resources (organisms) to support the fish and crustacean population in the study region.
- Difference in zooplankton abundance during high tide level and low tide level in the sub-tidal area was observed during the present study. Increased levels of suspended solids and the apparent increase in turbidity of water as well as high current during low tide will be considered as a possible reason for low zooplankton abundance during low tide levels.
- Compared to sub-tidal stations, in inter-tidal region zooplankton abundance was observed to be less and higher turbidity and current caused by the lower depth of water in inter-tidal areas also possible reasons for the same.
- During present study, two groups of organisms i.e. Foraminifera contributed to the 41.82% and Polychaete worms contributed to the 39.48% of total benthic organisms. Overall, the presence of Polychaete and Sipuncula worms suggests the availability of food organisms for benthic predators in the area. Due to presence of sand in the study area, foraminiferans are more abundant.
- Mangrove species Avicennia sp. is very sparse.
- Avifauna present in the study area is most common type.
- Overall, considering biological parameters of the study area, the study area is showed healthy environment contributing good production of phytoplankton, zooplankton and benthic organisms.





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• Different Types of Sampling Photographs





